

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

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RAY KRANZ IS FOUND GUILTY

Took Jury but a Short Time to Agree Upon the Verdict

MOVE MADE FOR NEW TRIAL

The Real Mrs. Kranz is Present at the Trial but Sheds Very Little Light on the Case

"I hate him, Oh! how I hate him! I hated him even when I wrote to him that I loved him and asked him to come and take me with him."

With these words the long pent-up emotions of Miss Amy Flood, on whose charge Ray Kranz was being tried Tuesday afternoon for abduction, gave way with a sob, she buried her face in her handkerchief and wept.

After a trial which lasted far into the night Monday and continued Tuesday morning, Ray Kranz was found guilty by the jury of twelve men, which would carry with it a sentence in the penitentiary of from one to ten years. There were few new facts brought out in the trial which have not already been published.

Miss Flood was put on the stand Tuesday morning and testified to her meeting with Kranz while the latter was telegraph operator at Warrenton, her home, the subsequent courtship, and finally the flight of the couple to Montana. She admitted that she knew he was married when he first made approaches toward her, and knew that if she went with him it would ultimately lead to trouble. The only explanation she could give was that he overcame her will, and she was forced by his magnetic influence to leave her home in Warrenton and fly with him.

The real Mrs. Kranz was put on the stand Tuesday morning, but shed but little light on the case, outside the presentation of damaging testimony to her husband in the way of letters he had written to her. She admitted a divorce suit was pending between them but stated that no decree had been entered, nor had the case ever come to trial.

When Kranz himself was put on the stand he made but little defense, admitting that the two had eloped to Montana, that he was a married man and had never been divorced, but put up for defense the statement that she went willingly, and was as anxious to go as he was to take her.

Letters which the girl had written to Kranz were introduced in evidence, and all showed that she wanted to go with him, and plead with him to return to Warrenton and take her away.

When she made the outburst, saying that she hated Kranz she was asked if she felt that way the latter part of February, and she answered "Yes." A letter was shown her which she admitted writing which begged of Kranz to come and take her away with him, but she explained it by saying that she was under the spell of the man, and knew not what she was writing.

There was but little doubt in the minds of the spectators at the trial but that Kranz would be found guilty, and it took the jury but a short time to return with the verdict of guilty. Attorney Arthur Buckley immediately made a motion for a new trial which will be argued soon.

THE VILLAGE PRIMARY NOMINEES

The village primary Tuesday was an unusually quiet affair, there being only one ticket in the field and no strife on for the offices, therefore no incentive for the voters to turn out. The total number of votes polled was only eighteen. The ticket and number of votes cast for each candidate is as follows: For President, Chase Webb, 18; for Trustees, full term, N. Pullen, 18, Geo. Brown, 15, W. H. Osmond, 17; for Trustee to fill vacancy, L. H. Felter, 18; for Treasurer, W. F. Ziegler, 17; for Police Magistrate, E. H. Overton, 18. It is probable that an independent ticket may be filed and that the election will be somewhat livelier than the primary.

TRAIN HITS AUTOMOBILE

Frank Wicks, His Wife and Sister-in-law are Severely Injured

The Borden Special, a milk train, while running, it is said, at the rate of forty miles an hour, struck an automobile at Peck's crossing just north of Silver Lake on the Kenosha and Rockford division of the Chicago and North-Western railway on Tuesday, badly injuring Frank Wicks, one of the best known men in the town of Salem, Kate Wicks his wife, and Mrs. Louis Hahn sister of Mrs. Wicks.

The victims of the accident were taken at once to the Kenosha hospital where it was stated Tuesday evening that it would be impossible to determine the extent of their injuries or how they might terminate for two three days at least.

Mrs. Wicks has her left leg broken near the hip, her right foot crushed and is also suffering from internal injuries.

Mrs. Hahn has her left arm broken below the elbow, a bad scalp wound and is suffering severely from the shock.

Mr. Wicks escaped without broken bones but received a severe scalp wound and is badly bruised over his entire body. So far they have been unable to give any account of the accident and appear to be in a dazed condition.

Conductor Clark, of Chicago, and Engineer Rowe, of Harvard claim that the automobile was running at a high speed and that the members of the crew did not see it until a second before the collision.

This accident occurred at the same crossing where only about eight weeks ago a brother of the injured man, Monroe Wicks, and his friend Lucius Pease lost their lives in a similar accident.

FRIEDMAN STORE IN WAUKEGAN CHANGES HANDS

The Arthur Friedman Co. has sold their Waukegan store to A. H. Simon, late of Marshalltown, Iowa. The store is one of the most popular of the kind along the North Shore and by judicious and persistent advertising has attracted a splendid patronage. Mr. Simon has been for years engaged in the same line of business at Marshalltown and comes with the reputation of a hustler and successful man in his line. It was his intention to engage in the manufacturing line when he sold out in the Iowa city, but on going to Waukegan he was so well pleased that he decided to re-enter his old line. He will find a good business from the start and a hearty welcome from an extended line of patronage.

FORTY FOOT STACK FALLS TO GROUND

A huge forty-foot smoke stack on the soft coal dock of the Western Coal and Dock company at Waukegan toppled over some time during Saturday night and fell to the ground with a terrible crash. It is thought that the pile was weakened by the explosion at Pleasant Prairie Thursday night, and when the high winds of Saturday night blew against it, in its weakened condition, it could not stand the strain.

Had the stack fallen in the day time there is a probability that some one would have been hurt, but coming as it did in the middle of the night, there is no loss except to the stack itself.

People's Town Caucus

A caucus of the legal voters of the town of Antioch will be held on Saturday, March 18, A. D. 1911, at the village hall in the village of Antioch between the hours of 1 p. m. and 5 p. m. for the purpose of nominating one candidate for each of the following offices: one Supervisor, one Commissioner of Highways, two Constables and three Committeemen, who shall constitute the Town Committee for the ensuing year.

All voting in said Caucus, shall go by ballot containing the names of all candidates and the manner of conducting the Caucus and all voting therein, shall be as near as may be in accordance with the Australian system of voting. The undersigned chairman and Secretary of said Caucus, and shall certify the names of the successful candidates as required by law. No ballot shall be counted unless it shall be endorsed thereon, the initials of one of the judges hereinafter named. Each person desiring to become a candidate in said Caucus shall give his name to one of the undersigned Town Committee on or before Friday, March 17, 1911, and then pay his share of the expense of said Caucus.

Town Committee,
W. H. Tiffany, Chairman,
Henry Grimm, Secretary,
John A. Thain.
Dated, Antioch, March 1, 1911.

REMEDY IS WORSE THAN DISEASE

President of Milk Producers' Association Makes the Above Assertion

AGITATORS ARE ROTTEN

Dairyman Who is Well Known to Lake County Milk Producers Makes Startling Statement

In an article published in the Prairie Farmer December 15th, last, I said: "I believe that tuberculosis has killed more cows the past two years than tuberculosis," said E. J. Fellows, a dairyman who is well known here in a communication to an Aurora paper. Continuing he said: "I believe that the teachings of these men have killed more babies in Chicago the past two years than tuberculosis contracted through milk has in a hundred years, and I am satisfied, so far as moral honesty is concerned, some of these agitators are more rotten than the meanest old tuberculosis cow in the state, and I know that the level-headed, practical dairyman with horse sense is a better judge of the healthfulness of his herd and knows more about handling them than all the guinea pig laboratory experts in the city's employ."

"This sounded a little radical at the time, but the developments of the past few weeks have shown that the opinion was well founded. Thousands of healthy cows have been condemned and killed by the tuberculin test."

"The oft-repeated statement that one thousand babies die in Chicago every year from the use of cows milk (presumably tuberculosis) dwindles to a possible sixteen as developed by the Shurtleff commission from the records of Chicago health department for the year 1909."

"Note the action of the state live stock board in seizing a bunch of cattle when the dairymen were attempting to show up the humbug and fallacy of the tuberculin test and denying them the privilege of seeing them on post mortem."

"Note what a show Collins Brothers and Thompson Ice Cream companies made of the head of the health department in its efforts to coerce, intimidate, and blackmail them when they finally got their case in court."

Let those who still believe in these men watch the developments of the next few weeks."—E. J. Fellows, President Milk Producers' Association.

NOMINEES FOR OFFICE

Bidinger and Jones are Successful Candidates for Mayor at Waukegan

Waukegan on Tuesday named its first ticket for the city election on April 18 under the new commission form of government. The fight for the two positions of mayor on the ticket being a most spirited one, with Bidinger an easy top notcher and Jones and Pearce close all the way through for second place.

Until the fourth ward had reported, it appeared as if Pearce had won second but these returns showed that Jones had gained enough there to place him second on the ballot for mayor and Pearce was then third man. Bullock was fourth, Giese, the socialist was fifth, and former Mayor DeWolfe was sixth in the race for mayor.

The nominees and the number of votes each received are as follows: For mayor, Julius F. Bidinger, 976; Judge DeWitt L. Jones, 601.

For commissioners, Clarence W. Diver, 780; J. J. Dietmeyer, 784; Peter McDermott, 419; Carl Atterbury, 369; Wm. Hoban, 360; Attorney E. V. Orvis, 594; Charles E. Russell 374; and Wm. D. Whyte, 443.

Clever.
"Mrs. Pufferly is tickled to death with the way she fooled the customs inspectors."
"How did she do it?"
"She didn't buy a thing abroad."

Handy Desk Implement.
A letter opener, mail scale and six-inch rule have been combined in a handy desk implement.

CANAL TO LINK LAKES

Canal From Long Lake to Fox Lake Will Connect all Lakes by Motor Boats

WILL COST \$3,500 TO DIG

Will Cut Time of Resorters from Big City to Summer Resorts in this Immediate Vicinity

To make more convenient of access a big chain of summer resort lakes of northwestern Lake county, a canal is being excavated from Long Lake to Fox Lake, two miles, which will place at Chicago's door the entire Fox Lake district by materially shortening the time between Chicago and the lakes and by cutting out the necessity for tedious overland trips by stage.

The new canal, thirty feet wide and six feet deep, is being built by property and resort owners of the lakes for power boats, which will come from points as far north as Wilmet, Wis., Johnsbury, McHenry and all points in that direction, directly to the docks to be built at the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul station at Long Lake. The cost of the canal is \$3,500 and Yoder & Schwartz of Napanee, Ind., who excavated the big Skokie canal which bisects Lake county north and south, have begun work. The canal will be finished by the time the resort season opens. Long Lake is 49 miles from Chicago.

When the new canal is finished resorters will be able to leave the St. Paul, trains for power boats at Long Lake and travel by water to Fox Lake, Petite Lake, Lake Marie, Channel Lake and Lake Katherine, or to Wilmet, Wis., fifteen miles away. Several stage routes will be done away with and new land will be opened to resorters in the most beautiful territory in the middle west. The canal cuts through a slough to Fox Lake and from Fox Lake onward there is a network of channels for miles in every direction, of which the new canal will be the most important link. Long Lake is to be dammed to keep the water at a level, the six foot level for the canal being low water mark.

The canal will enable resorters from all points to land any place along hundreds of miles of resort territory and will bring them directly to the various lakes where now stage trips must be taken.

WAR ON POWDER PLANT

Was Launched Wednesday in the Wisconsin State Legislature

The fight for the regulation of powder plants in Illinois and Wisconsin was formally started Wednesday when the Bishop bill for regulation of the plants prepared by Attorney A. E. Buckmaster of Kenosha was submitted to the Senate from the committee on state affairs.

It is planned to ask for a joint committee of the legislatures of Illinois and Wisconsin to consider this bill on account of the fact that the Pleasant Prairie plant, which was destroyed Thursday last, is within a mile and a half of the state line and it is held that the people of Lake and McHenry counties in Illinois are as much interested in the legislation as the people of Wisconsin.

It is thought that the bill will undoubtedly be passed at this session of the legislature and that it will go into effect at once and be in effect before the big plant at Pleasant Prairie is rebuilt.

The work of rebuilding the wrecked village was started Monday morning and it is expected that the village will be restored in less than 60 days.

The loyalty of the powder workers was shown at a dinner given by the officials of the company Sunday evening. All the men employed at the plant together with their wives and children were present, and all of them agreed to remain in the employ of the company.

Officials stated that the cost of rebuilding the village of Pleasant Prairie and paying the damages claimed by the people of the village would be about \$80,000.

IS CURED OF PARALYSIS

By Shock From the Explosion of the Du Pont Powder Mills

The shock that resulted from the explosion of the powder mill at Pleasant Prairie played many strange pranks but it is doubtful if there was any more unusual than the one which befell John Pillifant of West Washington street, Waukegan. The shock caused him to recover from a stroke of paralysis. The cure is considered almost as wonderful as those performed in Biblical times.

Mr. Pillifant was on a street car a week ago Saturday when the affliction came upon him. He put his left hand into his pocket to take out the money for his fare. As he did so he lost all sensation in the member and could not withdraw it from his pocket. He rode down town and tried to get up but found that he had lost the use of his limbs. He rode back on the car and when it arrived in front of his home the conductor, motorman and a passenger helped to carry him into the house and put him to bed.

He recovered the partial use of his body the middle of last week but had lost the complete use of his left arm.

He was in bed when the shock occurred. He says he felt a pain flash through his head and through his lifeless arm and almost instantaneously he found that he had feeling in the member once more. He could move his fingers at first and gradually he regained the complete use of his arm.

Mr. Pillifant had not been well for the past two years but as a result of the shock he says he feels much better than he has felt in a long time. He thinks the shock may have done for him what several specialists and physicians failed to do as he feels confident that the return to health will be permanent.

SOLDIERS IN READINESS TO LEAVE FOR MEXICO

That Uncle Sam's soldiers will not stop this side of the Mexican border line when they reach that boundary point but will keep right on until they reach the Panama canal is the opinion of a sergeant of Fort Sheridan who was in Waukegan Saturday.

He also said he believes that the little yellow man of old Japan is at the bottom of Uncle Sam's troop movements, despite denials, and that the invasion of Mexico is for the purpose of protecting American interests, quelling a rebellion which he believes the Japs know all about and then marching to protect the Panama canal.

He even believes that Jap officers may be engineering the Mexican insurrection movements and battles.

Meantime at the fort all is in readiness for an instant movement of the 1,500 troops south. The kits and all the guns and equipment are packed and it is even reported that twenty-seven day coaches and eighteen freight cars have been ordered to take on board the freight and luggage and remove it south. These cars are said to have been ordered for Thursday of last week.

OLSON BILL PASSES SENATE THIS WEEK

The senate passed Senator Olsen's bill providing for the confiscation of slot machines and other gambling devices and for a penalty of from \$100 to \$200 or confinement in the county jail for the first offense and a fine of not less than \$500 and confinement in the penitentiary for not less than two years for the second offense.

The senate also passed Senator Olsen's bill providing for sanitary rooms in the preparation of food which is being put out, including packing houses, bakeries, canning factories and confectioneries, and declaring places a nuisance and providing for a fine and imprisonment of the last.

The senate by a vote of 40 to nothing passed the bill making provision for paying to the widow of Circuit Judge Robert W. Wright of Belvidere the salary for his unexpired term, amounting to \$2,500.

Probably Not.
Onions a l'etole may be very good, as the household editor points out, but the chances are that the person sitting next to you at the theater would not discern the a l'etole part.

Makes It Easy for Preachers.
There are several places in London where preachers can buy sermons printed. They cover all subjects, and can be had for every season.

EXPLOSION IS CAUSE OF HEAVY LOSS

Windows are Broken, Chimneys Wrecked and Walls Cracked.

MANY FEAR EARTHQUAKE

Damage Covers Wide Era, Amount in Antioch is Estimated at about One Thousand Dollars

At just twenty-one minutes after 8 o'clock Thursday evening of last week, excitement reigned supreme in the village of Antioch, and in fact in every home in the county of Lake when the immense supply of powder and dynamite at the Du Pont powder mills at Pleasant Prairie exploded with a force that caused many to think that an earthquake of vast proportion was upon us. Buildings rocked, windows were shattered, doors blown open, plaster shook from the walls and dishes jarred from the shelves. Scarcely a house in the whole county was left untouched and in many places the doors were torn from the hinges.

This is not by any means the first explosion that has occurred at the same plant, but is by far the worst as far as property damage is concerned. Although it was accompanied by the loss of only one life, that of E. J. Thompson, a veteran powder worker who had passed through several previous explosions unscathed. His body was completely blown to atoms.

The town of Pleasant Prairie suffered the greatest amount of damage, only one chimney was left in the village and not a window light remained. Buildings were wrecked and many people were injured by falling glass, brick, etc. Nor was the damage confined to Kenosha and Lake counties alone. It extended as far as Chicago, where plate glass was broken from the large stores on State street, and even across the lake to Michigan and Indiana. Waukegan suffered severely, more so than Kenosha, although the latter is only 8 miles from the scene of the disaster.

The cause of the explosion is as yet unknown, the only man who could give a clew being killed. It appears, however, to have started in the glaze building, the concussion from this causing one of the most terrific explosions in the history of the world. It is utterly impossible to give even an estimate of the amount of damage so vast is the era. The first shock was followed by five more in rapid succession and after a short interval by one more, each time the sky being brilliantly illuminated just before the shock was felt.

The five magazines which exploded contained 180 tons of finished black powder, 1000 kegs giant powder, 25,000 kegs unfinished giant powder and 280 tons of dynamite, and the plant is now a complete wreck. A movement is said to be on foot to prevent its being rebuilt. It is considered a miracle that the village of Pleasant Prairie was not entirely destroyed as was at first reported.

The principal damage in this locality sums up on plate glass as follows:

Tiffany & Felter, plate glass broken, \$46.00.
Wm. Keulman, jewelry store, plate glass broken, \$150; on stock and small windows, \$75.00.
Postoffice building, plate glass broken, \$75.00.
Geo. Webb, Racket Store, plate glass broken, \$75.00.
Haynes building, plate glass broken, \$25.00.
Opera house building, 3 plate glass windows and small windows broken, \$200.00.
C. M. Christensen, large glass broken, \$25.00.
C. A. Powles, meat market, plate glass broken, \$75.00.
Williams Bros.' store, small windows, \$25.00.
Goe. Golwitzer, barber shop, glass broken, \$10.00.
R. B. Godfrey, ladies' furnishing store, plate glass broken, \$50.00.
Many windows in the dwellings, a few chimneys, and in many houses the plaster was broken loose. Many broken dishes and some lamps are also reported.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE FOUR)

ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH

ILLINOIS

When a Man Marries

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

Author of "The Circular Staircase," "The Man in Lower Ten," etc.

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SYNOPSIS.

James Wilson or Jimmy as he is called by his friends, Jimmy was rotund and looked shorter than he really was. His ambition in life was to be taken seriously, but people steadily refused to do so, his art is considered a huge joke, except to himself. He asked people to dinner every one expected a frolic. Jimmy marries Bella Knowles; they live together a year and are divorced. Jimmy's friends arrange to celebrate the first anniversary of his divorce. Those who attend the party are Miss Katherine McNair, who every one calls Kit, Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Brown, the Misses Mercer, Maxwell Reed and a Mr. Thomas Harbison, a South American civil engineer. The party is in full swing when Jimmy receives a telegram from his Aunt Selma, who will arrive in four hours to visit him and his wife. Jimmy gets his friends from Aunt Selma and after he marries she doubts his divorce. He neglects to tell her of his divorce, as she is opposed to it. Jimmy takes Kit into his confidence, he tries to devise some way so that his aunt will not learn that he has no longer a wife. He suggests that Kit play the hostess for one night, be Mrs. Wilson pro tem. Kit refuses, but is finally prevailed upon to act the part. Aunt Selma arrives and deception works out as planned, as she had never seen Jimmy's wife. Jimmy's servant is taken ill, his face is covered with spots. Bella, Jimmy's divorced wife, enters the house and asks Kit who is being taken away in the ambulance. Bella insists it is Jimmy. Kit tells her Jim is well and is in the house. Bella tells Kit it wasn't Jim she wanted to see, but Takahira, the Jap servant, as she wished to secure his services. Harbison steps out on the porch and discovers a man tacking a card on the door. He demands an explanation. The man points to the placard and Harbison sees the word "Smallpox" printed on it. The man tells him he is an officer of the board of health and tells him the house is under quarantine and that the guests will have to remain in the house until after the quarantine is lifted. The guests suddenly realize the predicament the women stand in, then men consider it a good joke. Harbison pleads with Kit to tell him the real situation of things. She finally tells him of Bella's incarceration in the basement.

CHAPTER VI. (Continued.)

At half-past four o'clock we gave up. "It's gone," I said. "I don't believe you were here. No one could have taken it. There wasn't a soul in this part of the house, except the policeman and he's locked in."

At five o'clock we put her to sleep in the den. She was in a fearful temper, and I was glad enough to be able to shut the door on her. Tom Harbison—that was his name—helped me to creep upstairs, and wanted to get me a glass of ale to make me sleep. But I said it would be of no use, as I had to get up and get the breakfast. The last thing he said was that the policeman seemed above the average in intelligence, and perhaps we could train him to do plain cooking and dish-washing.

I did not go to sleep at once. I lay on the chintz-covered divan in Bella's dressing room and stared at the picture of her with the violets underneath. I couldn't see what there was about Bella to inspire such undying devotion, but I had to admit that she had looked handsome that night, and that the Harbison man had certainly been impressed.

At seven o'clock Jimmy Wilson pounded at my door, and I could have choked him joyfully. I dragged myself to the door and opened it, and then I heard excited voices. Everybody seemed to be up but Aunt Selma, and they were all talking at once.

Anne Browne was in the center of the group, waving her hands, while Dallas was trying to hook the back of her gown with one hand and hold a blanket around himself with the other. No one was dressed except Anne, and she had been up for an hour, looking in shoes and under the corners of rugs and around the bed clothing for her jeweled collar. When she saw me she began all over again.

"I had it on when I went into my room," she declared, "and I put it on the dressing table when I undressed. I meant to put it under my pillow, but I forgot. And I didn't sleep well. I was awake half the night. Wasn't I, Dal? Then, when the clock down-stairs in the hall was chiming five, something roused me, and I sat up in bed. It was still dark, but I pinched Dal and said there was somebody in the room. You remember that, don't you, Dal?"

"I thought you had nightmares," he said sheepishly. "I lay still for ages, it seemed to me, and then—the door into the hall closed. I heard the catch click, and the room was empty. I thought of my collar, and although it seemed ridiculous, with the house sealed as it is, and all of us friends for years—well, I got up and looked, and it was gone!"

No one spoke for an instant. It was a queer situation, for the collar was gone; Anne's red eyes showed it was true. And there we stood, every one of us a miserable picture of guilt, and tried to look innocent and debonaire and unapproachable. Finally Jim held up

his hand and signified that he wanted to say something. "It's like this," he said: "Until this thing is cleared up, for heaven's sake, let's try to be sane! If every fellow thinks the other fellow did it, this house will be a nice little hell to live in. And if anybody—here he glared around—"if anybody has got funny and is hiding those jewels, I want to say that he'd better speak up now. Later, it won't be so easy for him. It's a mighty poor joke."

But nobody spoke.

CHAPTER VII.

We Make an Omelet.

It was Betty Mercer who said she was hungry, and got us switched from the delicate subject of which was the thief to the quite as pressing subject of which was to be the cook. Aunt Selma had slept quietly through the whole thing—we learned afterward that she customarily slept on her left side, which was on her good ear. We gathered in the Lallas Browns' room, and Jimmy proposed a plan.

"We can have anything sent in that we want," he suggested speciously, "and if Dal doesn't make good with the city fathers, you girls can get some clothes anyhow. Then, we can have dinner sent from one of the hotels."

"Why not all the meals?" Max suggested. "I hope you're not going to be small about things, Jimmy."

"It ought to be easy," Jim persisted, ignoring the remark, "for nine reasonably intelligent people to boil eggs and make coffee, which is all we need for breakfast, with some fruit."

"Nine of us!" Dallas said wickedly, looking at Tom Harbison, who was out of earshot. "Why nine of us? I thought Kit here, otherwise known as Bella, was going to show off her housewifely skill."

It ended, however, with Mr. Harbison writing out a lot of slips, cook, scullery maid, chamber maid, parlor maid, furnace man, and butler, and as that left two people over—we didn't count Aunt Selma—he added another furnace man and a trained nurse. Betty Mercer drew the trained nurse slip, and, of course, she was delighted. It seems funny now to look back and think what a dreadful time she really had, for Aunt Selma took the gripe, you know, that very day.

It was fate that I should go back to that awful kitchen, for of course Kit slip said "cook." Mr. Harbison was butler, and Max and Dal got the furnace, although neither of them had ever been nearer to a bucket of coal



"I Hope You're Not Going to Be Small About Things, Jimmy."

than the coupons on mining stock. Anne got the bedrooms, and Lella was parlor maid. It was Jimmy who got the scullery work, but he was quite crushed by this time, and did not protest at all.

Max was in a very bad temper: I suppose he had not had enough sleep—no one had. But he came over while the lottery was going on and stood over me and demanded unpleasantly, in a whisper, that I stop masquerading as another man's wife and generally making a fool of myself—which is the way he put it. And I knew in my heart that he was right, and I hated him for it.

"Why don't you go and tell him—them?" I asked nastily. No one was paying any attention to us. "Tell them that, to be obliging, I have nearly drowned in a sea of lies; tell them that I am not only not married, but that I never intend to marry; tell them that we are a lot of idiots with nothing better to do than to trifle with strangers within our gates, people who build—I mean, people that are worth two to our one! Run and tell them."

He looked at me for a minute, then he turned on his heel and left me. It looked as though Max might be going to be difficult.

While I was improvising an apron out of a towel, and Anne was pinning a sheet into a kimono, so she could take off her dinner gown and still be proper, Dallas harked back to the robbery.

"Anne put the collar on the table there," he said. "There's no mistake about that. I watched her do it, for I remember thinking it was the sole reminder. I had that Consolidated Traction ever went above 39."

Max was looking around the room, examining the window locks and whistling between his teeth. He was in disgrace with every one, for by that time it was light enough to see three reporters with cameras across the street waiting for enough sun to snap the house, and everybody knew that it was Max and his idiotic wager that had done it. He had made two or three conciliatory remarks, but no one would speak to him. His antics were so queer, however, that we were all watching him, and when he had

felt over the rug with his hands, and raised the edges, and tried to lift out the chair-seats, and had shaken out Dal's shoes (he said people often hid things and then forgot about it), he made a proposition.

"If you will take that infernal furnace from around my neck, I'll undertake either to find the jewels or to show up the thief," he said quietly. And, of course, with all the people in the house under suspicion, every one had to halt the suggestion with joy, and to offer his assistance, and Jimmy had to take Max's share of the furnace. (Yes, I had broken the policeman to them gently. Of course, Anne said at once that he was the thief, but they found him tucked in and sound asleep with his back against the furnace.)

"In the first place," Max said, standing importantly in the middle of the room, "we retired between two and three—nearer three. So the theft occurred between three and five, when Anne woke up. Was your door locked, Dal?"

"No. The door into the hall was, but the door into the dressing room was open this morning."

"From three until five," Max repeated. "Was any one out of his room during that time?"

"I was," said Tom Harbison promptly, from the foot of the bed. "I was prowling all around somewhere about four, searching"—he glanced at me—"for a drink of water. But as I don't know a pearl from a glass bead, I hope you exonerate me."

Everybody laughed and said, "Of course," and "Sure, old man," and changed the subject quickly. While that excitement was on, I got Jim to one side and told him about Bella. His good-natured face was radiant at first.

"I suppose she did come to see Takahira, eh, Kit?" he asked delicately. "She didn't say anything about me?"

"Nothing good. She said the house was in a disgraceful condition," I said heartlessly. "And her diamond bracelet was stolen while she took a nap on the kitchen table"—he groaned—"and—oh, Jim, you are such a goose. If I could only manage my own affairs the way I could my friends! She's too sure of you, Jimmy. She knows you adore her, and—how brutal could you be, Jim?"

"Fair," he said. "I may have undiscovered depths of brutality that I have never had occasion to use. However, I might try. Why?"

"Listen, Jim," I urged. "It was always Bella who did things here: She managed the house, she tyrannized over her friends, and she bullied you. Yes, she did. Now she's here, without your invitation, and she has to stay. It's your turn to bully, to dictate terms, to be coldly civil or politely rude. Make her furious at you. If she is jealous, so much the better."

"How far would you sacrifice yourself on the altar of friendship?" he asked.

"You may pay me all the attention you like, in public," I replied, and after we shook hands we went together to Bella.

There was an ominous pause when we went into the den. Bella was sitting by the register, with her furs on, and after one glance over her shoulder at us, she looked away again without speaking.

"Bella," Jim said appealingly. And then I pinched his arm, and he drew himself up and looked properly outraged.

"Bella," he said, coldly this time, "I can't imagine why you have put yourself in this ridiculous position, but since you have—"

"Put myself in this position!" She was frantic. "It's a plot, a wretched trick of yours, this quarantine, to keep me here."

Jim gasped, but I gave him a warning glance, and he swallowed hard.

"On the contrary," he said, with maddening quiet, "I would be the last person in the world to wish to perpetuate an indiscretion of yours. For it was hardly discreet, was it, to visit a bachelor establishment alone at ten o'clock at night? As far as my plotting to keep you here is concerned, I assure you that nothing could be further from my mind. Our paths were to be two parallel lines that never touch." He looked at me for approval, and Bella was choking.

"You are worse than I ever thought you," she stormed. "I thought you were only a fool. Now I know you—for a brute!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Handicapped.

"Now, what's the matter?" asked mamma.

"Why, boo-hoo, it's Tommy," he shrieked, plaintively. "He's making faces at me."

"Well," exclaimed mamma, "didn't I tell you not to play with Tommy?"

"W-w-well," he sobbed, "I ain't playin' with him. He's over in his yard makin' faces at me."

"Oh, well," said his mamma, "can't you make faces at him?"

"W-w-well, boo-hoo, I did," wailed Willie, "but he's so much homelier 'an me that he skins me every time."

A Real One.

"Is this a problem play?" asked the one-night stand critic of the manager.

"It is," replied that worthy.

"And what," asked the critic, "is the special problem presented?"

"How to get money enough into the box office for railroad fares to our next date," said the manager, with pointed brevity.

A Falling Market.

Teacher—"What was it that Isaac Newton discovered when he saw the apple fall?"

Tommye—"That apples were coming down, m'am.—Yonkers Statesman."

SHORTHORNS POSSESS MANY EXCELLENT DAIRY QUALITIES

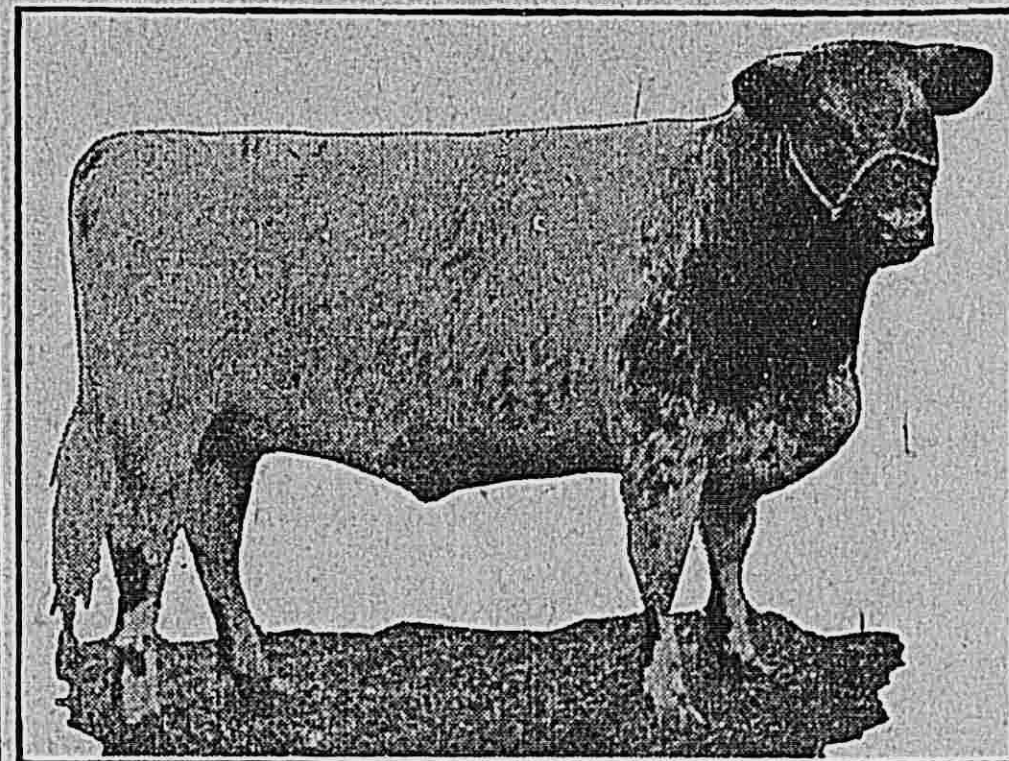
English Breeder Developed Milk Producing Strain and His Cows Were Well Known All Over England for Their Superiority.

From the very origin of the breed Shorthorns have had two qualities to commend them to favorable consideration, and it is this dual capacity of beef and milk production that has made them so popular with farmers and stockmen. As beef producers Shorthorns are "known of all men;" but their dairy qualities, though excellent when properly developed, are not so generally understood. The early history of the breed furnishes many instances of cows that were great milk producers, says the North-western Agriculturist.

One of the earliest breeders to develop milk production in his herd was Jonas Whittaker, and, as a result, his cows were known all over England for their excellent dairy

beef form and soon became the fountain head from which other breeders drew their herd bulls; yet Mr. Bates was careful to cultivate the milking qualities of his herd, and in consequence, had cows that gave from 24 to 34 quarts of milk per day. So persistently did he impress this in this herd of cows that many of their descendants proved excellent milkers many generations after Mr. Bates' herd was dispersed. Hence the prevailing opinion that Shorthorn cows of exceptional dairy qualities should be sought among those carrying an infusion of Bates blood has a foundation in fact; yet there are exceptions and some notable ones.

Amos Cruickshank, who drew the attention of the beef producing world



A Prize Winning Youngster.

qualities. Even in the herds of the Booths, where beef form and fleshing quality was the first consideration, cows of heavy milk production were developed. Sir Charles Knightley had a tribe known as the Fawley Filippas that did much to establish the fame of Shorthorn cows as excellent at the pail. The herd of Thomas Bates was established about the year 1800 and soon became the most noted in England.

This herd was carefully bred for

to the excellence of the Scotch Shorthorns, by the wonderful fleshing qualities he had bred into his herd, was not unmindful of the dairy qualities of his cows, and in that marvelous herd of beef cattle were many matrons quite good at the pail.

The large dairies that supply milk for London are composed quite largely, and in some cases exclusively, of Shorthorn cows. This is also true in part of dairies in New York and New England.

WATER FOR DAIRY COWS

Important That the Three or More Gallons Given to Animals Daily be Warmed to About 60 Degrees F.

It is very important that the water drunk by the cows giving three or more gallons of milk daily be warmed to about 60 degrees F. Otherwise the cows will not drink as much as they need to keep up a good milk flow. It does not take much ice water to chill a thin-fleshed cow through and through on a cold winter day, especially when she is compelled to walk some distance through the snow or a cutting wind to get to the tank or pond. Experiments made at the Missouri state experimental station show that drinking water is needed in proportion to the milk yield. That is, a cow giving six gallons of milk a day needs about twice as much water as a cow giving three gallons a day. If the wa-

ter is too cold to be comfortable if drunk in large quantities, the cow will not drink enough, and as a result, will drop considerably in her milk yield. When Missouri Chief Josephine was giving about 100 pounds of milk each day last winter she drank daily about 31 gallons of water. Imagine how she would have suffered if that had been ice water. It was warmed, however, and Josephine did not chill after drinking.

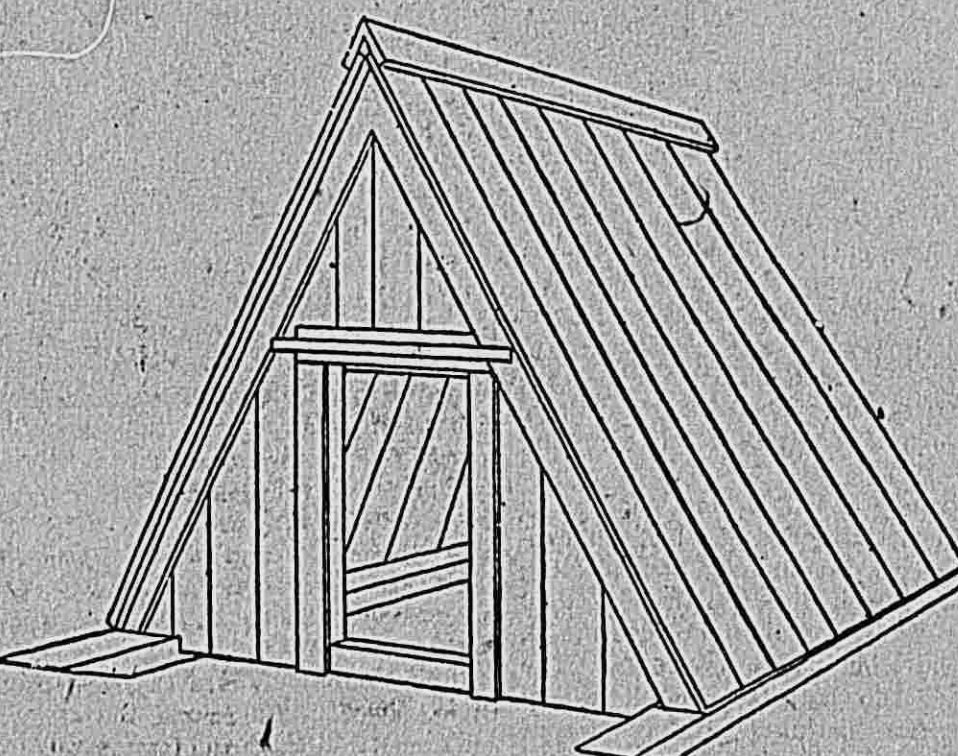
Green Feeding Worth While.

If the best results are to be obtained with poultry they must be furnished plenty of green feed, is a statement so often heard that its repetition seems silly; yet there are flocks on fairly prosperous farms where one would think the practice of regular green feeding had never been heard of.

Conditions for Live Stock.

If you are in doubt as to the conditions you should give your live stock in the barn-yard, imagine yourself in the animals' place.

CARE FOR FARROWING SOWS



To produce strong, healthy pigs, they must be looked after before they are born. The sow must be cared for and fed properly if she is to give birth to a good litter of pigs. As a rule, the sow is neglected during this period, the owner seeming to think that the application of care and feed after she has farrowed is all that is required. We should know that a poorly nourished mother means a weak, sickly litter of pigs.

The question of shelter is an important one, whether in the northern or southern states, although in the south

—the far south especially—very little shelter except at farrowing time is needed. At farrowing time the mother should always be supplied with a building that will afford shelter from the rain and the wind for both the mother and the pigs until the pigs become dry. If the wind strikes the young pigs when they are first born they will often chill to death. Each farmer can make his own shelter, to be in keeping with his surroundings, but probably the best and most economical building that can be made is a portable hoghouse.

RHEUMATISM



Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy relieves pain in the legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints. Contains no morphine, opium, cocaine or drugs to deaden the system. It neutralizes the acid and drives out all rheumatic poisons from the system. Write Prof. Munyon, 634 and Jefferson St., Philadelphia, Pa., for medical advice, absolutely free.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a free home-stead or buy land at reasonable prices.

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be higher or the price secured from the abundant crops of wheat, oats and barley, causing a steady advance in the number of settlers from the U. S. was 60 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year. Many farmers have paid for land out of the proceeds of one crop. Free Homesteads of 160 acres at \$3.00 an acre. Free title, no taxes, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates, wood, water and timber easily obtained. For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rates apply to C. J. Ferguson, 413 Merchants Bldg., Chicago, Ill. Write to Geo. J. Ferguson, 413 Merchants Bldg., Chicago, Ill. Write to Geo. J. Ferguson, 413 Merchants Bldg., Chicago, Ill.



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12 1/2" Two For 25¢

Collar Comfort

is insured if you wear SLIP EASY COLLARS which all have the Slip Easy Tab sewn above. This Tab allows the necktie to slide easily and is the most marked improvement made in collars during recent years. They come in all styles and are for sale by up-to-date dealers. If not at your store, write us and we will see you are supplied.

C.W. FERGUSON COLLAR CO., Troy, N.Y.



Kow-Kure

is not a "food"—it is a medicine, and the only medicine in the world for cows only. Made for the cow and, as its name indicates, a cow cure. Barrenness, retained afterbirth, abortion, scours, calving difficulties and all other ailments positively and quickly cured. No one who keeps cows, whether many or few, can afford to be without it. Kow-Kure is made especially to keep cows healthy. Our book "What to Do When Your Cows Suffer" sent free. Any veterinarian dealer or Kow-Kure, or send to the manufacturer, Dairy Association Co., Lyndonville, Vt.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver.

Stop after dinner—distress—cure instantly—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Wheatwood

REAL ESTATE.

FLORIDA I have a tract of land North of Pensacola in Escambia County, Florida, the most fertile section of the state. It is an offering of pure, located within one to three miles of J. & N. rail stations. This land has a 47m clay subsoil with loamy top soil—the BEST land in FLORIDA for general farming. \$20.00 per acre down, 10 cents per acre per month. No interest, no taxes. Write for FARMER'S land booklet.

JOHN E. STILLMAN, PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

DO YOU WANT TO BUY—Real bargain—good safe—money maker—new and second-hand furniture business—growing town of ten thousand. Many other bargains. Central Underwriting Co., Lawton, Oklahoma.

CAROL ALBERTA, the centre of the best grain producing district of the best Province in Western Canada. Land cheap, cash payments small. If interested write H. M. Mercer, Carleton Place, Ontario.

SOUTHERN OREGON IRRIGATED FRUIT AND ALFALFA FARM—25 acres river bottom, 12 miles from railroad and city of 100 inhabitants, \$12,000. H. M. FAYON & CLARK, Gladwin, Oregon.

OREGON LANDS FOR SALE—Agricultural, timber and fruit lands in the famous Willamette Valley; no blizzards, no cyclones, no crop failures. Write me your wants. H. M. Fayon, Albany, Oregon.

WHITE for our new catalog of 200 fertile farms at \$20.00 to \$100.00 per acre. This ad will not appear again. Western Reserve Realty Company, Madison, Ohio.

FRUIT, poultry and dairy farms along Lake Erie, in Allegany, Lake and Erie Counties, for sale. Write for list. Geo. J. Chapman & Company, Canastota, Ohio.

IMPROVED FARMS \$5 to \$15 per acre. Good soil, climate, water, is healthy, act soon. H. A. Badie, Tallahassee, Florida.

The NATION'S WEALTHY WIDOWS

OF WALDON FAWCETT

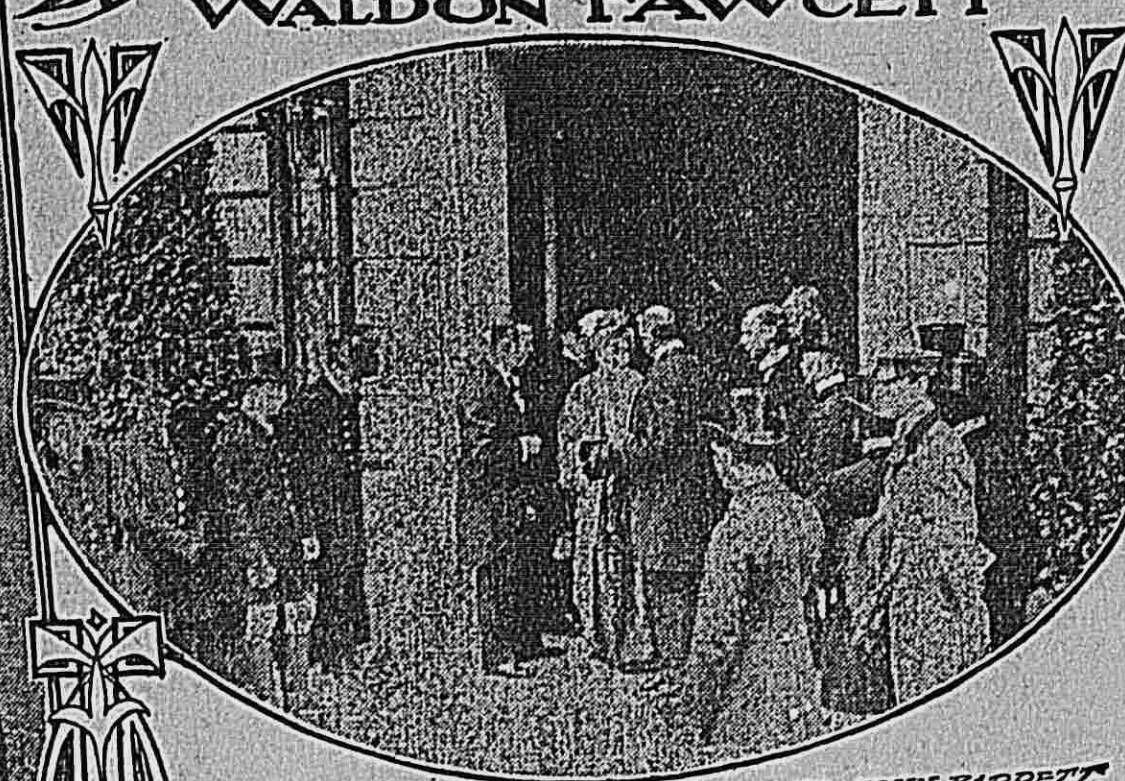


W EALTHY American widows have come in recent years to play a most important part in several important divisions of the world's affairs. It is not, either, merely here in the United States that these moneyed women are making their influence felt. On the contrary, their influence has proven fully as potent in many circles abroad—so much so, indeed, that the good people of Europe have been compelled to sit up and take notice of the American widows as a class well worthy to rank with any subdivision of society abroad (not even excepting the nobility), if the comparison be made on the basis of gowns or millinery or jewelry or any of the other standards by which the feminine world sets such store.

Here in the United States it would be difficult to name a sphere in which the wealthy widows have not been exerting tremendous influence of late years. Even in politics they have not waited upon the victory of the suffrage cause to enable them to take a hand. For the present, to be sure, their influence is indirect, but it is none the less tangible, as witness the power of the salon maintained by that brilliant woman, Mrs. Hitt, widow of the late chairman of the foreign relations committee of the house of representatives and the backing which Senator Beveridge of Indiana has had through the fact that his wife is the kinswoman of Mrs. Marshall Field, widow of the Chicago merchant.

Socially there is no question as to the tremendous power of the American widow. To realize it one has only to stop to reflect how the polite world is dominated by the hospitalities of such well-to-do widows as Mrs. L. Z. Leiter, widow of the Chicago multi-millionaire and mother of the late Lady Curzon, late vicereine of India; Mrs. George M. Pullman, widow of the car builder; Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh, widow of the "Mining King"; Mrs. Mary Scott Townsend, widow of

Mrs. JOHN A. LOGAN AND CLARA BARTON



Mrs. L. Z. LEITER TALKING TO JOHN BARRETT AND PRESTON GIBSON



Mrs. PHILIP SHERIDAN



Mrs. BENJAMIN HARRISON



BARONESS VON STERNBURG

the Pennsylvania coal and oil magnate, and Mrs. M. A. Hanna, widow of the late United States senator from Ohio.

Mrs. Hanna's life since the death of her husband, we may here digress to explain, has illustrated how great is the latitude of life open to the modern wealthy widow in contrast to the circumscribed existence of the average widow of a prominent official of a century ago, who, upon the death of her husband, was wont to retire to his plantation or country seat and live in the utmost quietude if not in actual seclusion. After the death of her husband Mrs. Hanna lived for a time in a fashionable hotel in Washington. Then she built a large house and occupied it for a time, later disposing of it to a prominent army officer. Next she had a special apartment arranged to her order in one of the largest of the new hotels in New York, even providing a special kitchen for "Maggie," her "jewel" of a cook. Then desiring a change, she hit upon the idea of her present program of life, which calls for an extended sojourn in Europe each spring and summer and a winter residence in Washington, where she has two apartments of 14 rooms each in a fashionable apartment house.

Mrs. Hanna's 28-room apartment might seem a pretty pretentious residential establishment for a lone woman to maintain, but it is scarcely a circumstance to the enormous four-story mansion erected at the national capital

by Mrs. Slater, another wealthy widow, who is the sole occupant of this palace save for the 18 servants who minister to her needs. Wealthy widows, it may be added, have not shirked the responsibilities of house building. Indeed, on the contrary, it seems to be one of their fads. Mrs. Leiter, in addition to her town houses, has lately been building a summer "cottage" costing hundreds of thousands of dollars on the North Shore of Massachusetts near the summer home of President Taft. Mrs. Hay, widow of the late secretary of State, has built a magnificent mansion in Cleveland; Mrs. Pullman and Mrs. Marshall Field have ordered new homes from plans which they had a hand in making; Mrs. Hitt has

built a splendid home since the death of her husband and the wealthy Mrs. Wyeth of Philadelphia had her nephew-architect carry out her ideas of a distinctive home.

In point of achievement, however, unquestionably the greatest of all the house builders in the coterie of wealthy widows is Mrs. Albert Clifford Barney, who inherited one fortune from her father, a Cincinnati pioneer, and married another. Mrs. Barney is of a most artistic temperament and is indeed an artist of no mean ability in both oils and water colors. She spends much time in Paris, where she and two of her daughters, who devote themselves respectively to painting and sculpture, are much in their element. When she is in this country Mrs. Barney divides her time and her boundless energy between the staging of Greek plays and other amateur theatricals of a most ambitious character and the designing and building of houses for love of it. These unique habitations that she creates Mrs. Barney sells or rents, and he it said to her credit that she is a clever enough business woman to make her art profitable in dollars and cents as well as in personal satisfaction.

In the field of philanthropy American widows have of late years accomplished so much good as to make these bereaved ones as a class the most respected and most admired contingent of American multimillionaires. The generosity of Mrs. Phoebe Hearst in good works has insured her a place for all time in our real hall of fame and Mrs. Harriman's gift of a splendid park to the state of New York bids fair to be but the first of a series of notable benefactions. Mrs. Russell Sage is another woman who in a comparatively brief widowhood has helped the needy in many ways, and the late Mrs. Gardner Hubbard, widow of the man who reaped the greatest financial rewards from the invention of the telephone, was lavish during her lifetime in good works.

There is one group of widows in the United States in the members of which—for all that they are most of them living very quietly—the public is bound to take a keen interest. This group is made up of the widows of

former high officials of the nation, including the widows of our military and naval heroes. Conspicuous among the number are the two surviving widows of presidents, Mrs. Mary Lord Harrison and Mrs. Grover Cleveland. Mrs. Cleveland spends most of her time in the family home at Princeton or at her farm in New Hampshire, though she has of late devoted no little time to residence in Switzerland, where her children are being educated. Mrs. Harrison, likewise, spends much time abroad, though she maintains a home in Indianapolis and indulges in occasional lengthy vacations in a log house in the Adirondacks.

Of the widows of the nation's warriors probably the public hears most frequently of Mrs. Phil Sheridan, widow of the famous cavalry leader, although Mrs. Logan and Mrs. Pickett, the latter the widow of the Confederate chieftain who led the desperate charge at Gettysburg, have been more or less in the public eye owing to their literary work and their careers on the lecture platform. Mrs. Sheridan, alike to both these other widows, resides at the national capital and an anecdote is told of Mrs. Sheridan to the effect that she silenced some gossip which speculated as to her remarriage by the remark, "I would rather be the widow of Phil Sheridan than the wife of any man alive."

And speaking of the remarriage of widows, it may be added that one of the circumstances that renders these widowed women of wealth interesting to many people is the possibility of remarriage—an ever-present incentive to speculation, even though the object of such public curiosity may have not the slightest intention of again entering the bonds of matrimony. And that this solicitude is by no means restricted to disinterested observers or confined to the United States is eloquently attested by the attentions which eligible members of the nobility of Europe have showered upon Mrs. Potter Palmer, Mrs. "Jack" Gardner, Mrs. Marshall Field and—most courted of all—Mrs. Nonnie Worthington Stewart Leeds, the dazzlingly wealthy as well as dazzlingly beautiful young widow of a multimillionaire who garnered the golden harvest of the tinplate industry and sundry railroads.

Almost all the wealthy American widows seem to have a penchant for spending more or less of their time in Europe and there are others who live there continuously, returning but seldom to their native land, and then only for visits. In this class are the widows of foreign diplomats who receive pensions from the governments served by their late husbands. A conspicuous example is afforded by Baroness Sternburg—the former Miss Langham, a Kentucky beauty, who as the result of a genuine romance that began as a case of love at first sight on a transatlantic liner, married Baron Speck von Sternburg, a very capable German diplomat, who lost his life as the result of disease contracted while serving his government in India.

In the field of art many American widows, such as Mrs. St. Gaudens, are factors, if not by virtue of their own talents at least as custodians of the masterpieces left by their deceased husbands, and the same is true in the spheres of literature and public life, where the collection of the papers of an eminent man or the publication of his memoirs has frequently devolved upon the widow. In the financial world wealthy widows, by sheer force of their monetary possessions, wield an influence recognized by all men of affairs. The most notable example, of course, is that afforded by Mrs. Hetty Green, who controls one of the wealthiest and most powerful of the New York banks.

CURRENT WRECKS A BRIDGE

Twenty-Seven Big Timbers Are Cut Through in One Day by Aid of Electricity.

One of the most ingenious uses to which electricity was ever put was in the wrecking of a bridge over the Washash in Indiana.

This bridge had been purchased by the county authorities, who intended to replace it by a steel structure erected on the old piers and abutments. The owner agreed to remove the bridge in 30 days.

The chief difficulty lay in the short time agreed upon for the removal of the bridge. Several wreckers to whom the matter was submitted declared that it would be impossible within 30 days to pull down the old bridge without injury to the piers.

The structure might be blown up with dynamite, but the explosion would also destroy the piers. Were it fired, the heat would crack and injure the masonry of the bridge. The 30 days expired, and an extension of one week was granted.

The owner was at his wits' end, when he chanced upon an electrician who proposed, not to blow up the

bridge, but to burn it apart. His proposal was gladly accepted.

Each span of the bridge was composed of nine chords of three timbers each. The 27 sills were to be cut simultaneously, so that the span would drop between the piers into the river. The cutting was to be accomplished by burning through the wood with loops of iron resistance made red-hot by the passage of the electric current.

Fifty-four resistance loops were heated to wreck each span, and the spans were wrecked one at a time. Sufficient current was used to heat the iron wires cherry red. The result was

exactly the same with every span. Between the turning on of the current and the fall of the span an hour and 40 minutes elapsed. Then the mass of timbers fell into the water well inside the piers, so that they were uninjured.

The cut made by the hot wire was sharp and clean, and the wood was not charred more than an inch from the place of fracture.

The current was first turned on at about five o'clock in the morning, and at two in the afternoon the last span crashed down to the river bed.—Scientific American.

A BALL FOR BABY

If ever love is stitched into a gift it goes into the one that celebrates baby's first birthday. One of the prettiest presents, which will give the little one great joy, is a large edition of those balls which the happy mothers of today delighted to fashion as children with two circles of cardboard perforated in the center.

Instead of making the circles an inch or two in diameter, make them full six inches in size, and use pink and white or pale blue and white wool of a very fleecy type. Tie the wool

through the perforation in the cardboard and then proceed to fill up the hole by drawing the wool through and through over the cardboard until no more will pass. Cut it and tie it between the two circles and remove these by tearing them away.

The ball should be sewn on to narrow satin ribbon, blue or pink, as the case may be, and to this ribbon should be attached a quantity of little gold or silver bells, which will jingle merrily when the ball is swung to and fro by the ribbons.

RENEWS ANTIQUE WASHSTAND

Long Islander Sells Piece of Furniture for Fifty Cents and Buys It Back for \$20.

An elderly Long Islander once attended an auction of old furniture. Among the articles for which bids were asked was a heavy marble-topped washstand. The Long Islander bid ten cents for it, and as he was the only one who spoke the washstand was knocked down to him—rather to his dismay, as he had to have it conveyed to his distant home. For several years this ten-cent antique was an occupant of the barn, its marble top being removed and the interior of the stand serving as a receptacle for cans of paint.

One day a clerk from a furniture store in the neighborhood called at the Long Islander's and accidentally caught sight of the unappreciated washstand. He made some inquiries concerning it, and eventually purchased it for 50 cents. The clerk took his purchase to the store, gave it a thorough renovating and it became a handsome piece of hardwood furniture, the marble top adding the finishing touch. Not long after this transformation the elderly Long

Islander and his wife visited the furniture store, and when the wife saw that beautifully polished antique washstand she fell in love with it, for it just filled her ideal. Her husband seemed to have a suspicion of the truth, and endeavored to distract her attention. But the affair ended by the woman purchasing the stand for \$20, and it is now one of her most highly prized possessions.

Bell Must Be Tuned.

The general impression is that the tone of a bell is largely a matter of accident, but this is not so. A bell must be tuned the same as a piano or any other musical instrument. Every bell has five sounds, which must blend together in perfect harmony, and this is accomplished by shaving down certain parts until the desired harmony is secured. In the event of shaving too deep the bell is not injured, but the tuning operation is prolonged, as other parts must be operated on and cut away to a corresponding degree.

Just the Thing.

Fig—What are you having carved on the photographer's tombstone? Fog—Taken from life.—Boston Transcript.

WEAK BACKS MADE STRONG.

Backache in most cases is kidney-ache, and usually accompanied by irregularities of the urine. To remove the pain and weakness, you must cure the kidneys. Do so with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Rosa Weinmann, 1927 Greenwood Terrace, Chicago, Ill., says: "So intense were the rheumatic pains in my back, I felt like screaming. They gradually became more severe until they ran all over my body. I could not sleep and could hardly move. I steadily grew worse until I could scarcely open or close my hands. No relief was obtained until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Soon I felt better and ere long the pain left."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE HAPPY MAN.



First Lady—How very happy the bridegroom looks! Really it is pleasant to see a young man looking so joyful.

Second Lady—Hush! That's not the bridegroom; that's a gentleman the bride flitted six months ago.

Brought to Tears. An unusual incident marked a recent fire in New York. The fire started in the cellar of a five-story tenement and before it was extinguished the 12 families in the building and all the women were weeping copiously from inflamed eyes. In the cellar many bags of onions had been stored. The chief fireman allowed the tenants to remain in the building, assuring them that the fire was confined to the cellar. They did not stay, however, when the onions had got well afire.

Dare to Be Happy. Let us never be afraid of innocent joy; God is good and what he does is well done; resign yourself to everything, even to happiness; ask for the spirit of sacrifice, of detachment, of renunciation, and above all, for the spirit of joy and gratitude, the genuine and religious optimism which sees in God a Father, and asks no pardon for his benefits. We must dare to be happy and dare to confess it, regarding ourselves always as the depositaries, not as the authors of our own joy.—Amiel.

Home and School. Home and school are two different spheres and have of necessity different duties to perform and different work to accomplish in the training and teaching of the child. But unless the ideals are the same and unless there is a systematic attitude of mind between parents and teachers, the best result cannot be achieved and the child must suffer.—Mrs. E. L. Franklin, Secretary Parents' National Educational Union, England.

EDITOR BROWNE

Of The Rockford Morning Star.

"About seven years ago I ceased drinking coffee to give your Postum a trial.

"I had suffered acutely from various forms of indigestion and my stomach had become so disordered as to repel almost every sort of substantial food. My general health was bad. At close intervals I would suffer severe attacks which confined me in bed for a week or more. Soon after changing from coffee to Postum the indigestion abated, and in a short time ceased entirely. I have continued the daily use of your excellent Food Drink and assure you most cordially that I am indebted to you for the relief it has brought me.

"Wishing you a continued success, I am Yours very truly,

J. Stanley Browne, Managing Editor."

Of course, when a man's health shows he can stand coffee without trouble, let him drink it, but most highly organized brain-workers simply cannot.

The drugs natural to the coffee berry affect the stomach and other organs and thence to the complex nervous system, throwing it out of balance and producing disorders in various parts of the body. Keep up this daily poisoning and serious disease generally supervenes. So when man or woman finds that coffee is a smooth but deadly enemy and health is of any value at all, there is but one road—quit.

It is easy to find out if coffee be the cause of the troubles, for if left out 10 days and Postum be used in its place and the sick and diseased conditions begin to disappear, the proof is unanswerable.

Postum is not good if made by short boiling. It must be boiled full 15 minutes after boiling begins, when the crisp flavor and the food elements are brought out of the grains and the beverage is ready to fulfill its mission of palatable comfort and renewing the cells and nerve centers broken down by coffee.

"There's a Reason." Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY

A. B. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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Advertising Rates Will be Furnished Upon Application

Telephone Antioch 581

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1911

Is it now our extinguished ex-president?

A new dress is a thing of beauty—while it is in style.

The suffragettes are disposed to give the House of Lords a thorough cleaning.

A hen kept by one of the eastern colleges laid 368 eggs last year. Education pays.

There is talk of tariff on beans—and staid old Boston has suddenly gone wild for democracy.

A Chicago man killed his wife's \$2,500 dog because it was alienating her affections. The pup!

The way of the transgressor is pleasant when a jackpot is being opened by an Illinois legislature.

Both old parties ought to be in favor of free lumber. Both needs some new planks in their platforms.

The United States and Japan are the only two nations who don't seem to anticipate a Japanese war.

The gentleman who wrote the ten commandments holds the record for long-distance stand-patism.

Anthony Comstock claims that Adam hid behind the skirts of Eve. No wonder he was found out so easy.

The earnings of the Bell telephone system increased about three millions last year. Talk isn't so awful cheap.

A Berlin scientist claims to have been successful in making food from air. He talks as if he had been trying the stuff.

There are 25,000 magicians in America and several thousand others trying

to make you believe the tariff is all right.

A pullman train was recently held up in the west, but the porter locked himself out of sight and the bandits got nothing.

We'll have to teach our hens to put their eggs in cold storage during the summer and to put them on the market in winter.

Did you ever see a grandmother who would let her daughter treat her children the same way her mother used to treat her?

There is now a cable line to Iceland, which ought to help materially in the progress and enlightenment of this benighted country.

If Japan really wants to show her friendliness towards the United States, she might offer to take the Philippines over without a bonus.

You don't see the newspaper boys kicking on the income tax. It is human nature not to kick about something that hurts the other fellow.

The czar ought to collect a royalty on the manufacture of bombs to take the place of that part of his population that the bombs kill off.

There is talk of dissolving the Standard Oil Co. If the resultant mixture would be good for anything we would be in favor of the proposition.

Your brain will be brighter and better if you live frugally and eat sparingly of meat—in fact, the partaking of that kind of a diet displays your wisdom.

Some religious authorities are positive that the Garden of Eden was located in North Dakota. Who can be expected to believe in the bible hereafter.

What impresses us most about the work of the European masters is the ease with which they remove the period from a \$200.00 picture when they see an American coming.

No one seems absolutely certain that Mr. Bryan would unequivocally refuse to accept the presidential nomination if the proposition was presented to him in a delicate and refined manner and couched in proper and inoffensive language.

One of our congressmen is being criticised for borrowing money from a Chicago meat packer. When you need to borrow money it is necessary to go to someone who has got some.

A Chicago chap has offered to blow up the Illinois legislature with nitroglycerine for \$100. The initial cost is a little high, but the benefits will be lasting enough to make it worth the money.

We learn from an exchange that thirty people have fallen from balloons during the past year—which is not mentioning a large number of others who have returned to earth rather suddenly.

Wm. T. Stead's recent proposition to establish a bureau for communication with spirits comes at the psychological moment when the prohibitionists have succeeded in putting liquor out of about half of the country.

GIVING BELLS THEIR TONE

All of Them Must Go Through a Process of Tuning, Like Any Musical Instrument.

"What a beautiful tone that bell has!" is often heard. There are few, however, who know how a bell receives its joyful or solemn tones.

All bells after they are cast and finished must go through a process of tuning the same as any other musical instrument before they respond with a clear, true tone. Every bell sounds five notes, which must blend together in order to produce perfect harmony.

The tuning of a bell is done by means of shaving thin bits from various parts of the metal. It is as easy for an expert bell-tuner to put a bell in tune as it is for a piano-tuner to adjust his instrument to perfect chords.

At first thought it would seem that a bell would be ruined should the tuner shave off too much at the last tuning, or the fifth sound, but such is not the case. He would, however, be obliged to begin afresh, starting with the first one and shaving the bell until it gave forth its harmonious sound at the fifth tone.

Fortitude of Injured Man.

Extraordinary fortitude was shown recently by a Swiss guide named Genoud, who, while driving a diligence to Bourg St. Pierre, was thrown into a ravine thirty feet deep, breaking his left arm and shoulder and several ribs. The diligence was smashed. Despite his painful injuries, Genoud walked 81 miles across the mountains through Osieres to Geneva, refusing assistance on the way, and declaring that he preferred to be treated in the Geneva hospital.

AUCTION SALE

The undersigned having rented his farm will sell at public auction two miles north-west of Antioch, and 13 miles south of Trevor, Wis., on Monday, March 20th

commencing at 1:00 p. m. sharp, the following property to-wit: 3 cows with calves by side, (tuberculin tested) 2 springers, 2 yearling heifers, bay mare, 4 years old, wt. 1800; bay gelding, 4 years old, wt. 1300; gray gelding, 6 years old, wt. 1400; bay mare, with foal, 8 years old; bay gelding, wt. 1200; 1 gray mare, wt. 1100; 1 gray mare, wt. 1100; Champion grain binder, Deering corn harvester, Champion mower, horse rake, sulky plow, sulky 8 shovel cultivator, grain seeder, plow, single cultivator, pulverizer, one 4-horse power, feed cutter, narrow tire wagon, 3-seated wagon with top, cart, corn sheller, scale, grind stone, 6 milk cans, churn, 2 boats, hay rack, 20 tons of hay nearly all timothy, 200 bu. of oats, 75 bu. of barley, quantity of corn in stack, 5 bu. seed corn, large heating stove, base burners, bedsteads, springs, mattress, cot, 1 brood sow, 200 hens and 4 turkeys.

USUAL TERMS

AMBROSE RUNYARD, Prop. Robt. Wilson, Auct.

On Wednesday, March 22, I will sell at public auction at my farm, 2 miles north of Waukegan, my entire stock of horses, 50 in all, as follows: One coal black, 4 year-old registered Percheron stallion, extra good stock horse; 1 fine 1600 lb. team of 5 year-old grays, 6 heavy brood mares in foal, 6 fine sucking colts, 35 young draft horses, 6 driving colts, 2 Graton colts, 20 young sows and heifers, 14 shoats 3 months old and all my farming tools. See bills. R. DADY, Waukegan, Ill.

A Gladstone Story.

Mr. E. F. Benson, in an article on the winter charms of Grindelwald in "Travel and Exploration," related an anecdote of Mr. Gladstone. It seems that at a country house one morning the guests were discussing at breakfast the right way of packing a sponge-bag, when the sponge has been used and is consequently water-logged. Mr. Gladstone, who had apparently been solely absorbed by his morning's correspondence, suddenly closed the discussion by informing the party that they were all wrong. "The only proper method is to wrap it up in your bath-towel, and stamp upon it. Then put it in your sponge-bag. You will find it perfectly dry."

EXPLOSION IS CAUSE OF HEAVY LOSS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

The farming community also suffered, everyone either having broken windows or doors.

In some places, eyesight is said to have been lost by injury from shattered glass, and Mr. Gleason, near Hickory, is suffering from a broken leg caused by being struck by a falling barn door.

Every dollar's worth of damage will be paid for by the corporation without a legal fight. Such was the announcement Saturday by J. P. Laffey, general counsel for the company, after its officers and directors had held an all day meeting. It was announced that the concern looked on its responsibility for the damage as a "moral obligation" which should be paid as soon as the losses were verified.

Telephone Proposal Won Bride. One of the Pollah belles of Holyoke was married a short time ago to a suitor who used the telephone to propose to her, thus beating out three rivals who resorted to the mails.

The bride-elect attended a dance in Springfield and made a tremendous hit.

Three young men, after pondering fervently over her charms, wrote proposals. All proposals came in the same mail the next day.

But just before the mail arrived the fourth suitor, more enterprising than his fellows, called the girl to a pay station telephone, proposed and was accepted.

The girl went home and found the three proposal letters. But she was faithful to her telephone sweetheart and had her trousseau purchased within a few days.—New England Telephone Topics.

JOINT SERVICE
BELL TELEPHONE AND
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH

Every Bell Telephone a Telegraph Station

Effective February 1, 1911

If you are a subscriber to the Bell Telephone System and wish to send a Telegram, a Night Letter or a Cablegram, use your Telephone.

Say "Telegram" to the operator and you will be connected with a Western Union office from which your message will be sent by telegraph and charged in your monthly account.

At night, on Sunday or Holidays, when the local telegraph office may be closed, you will be connected with an open Western Union office without additional charge.

Telegrams and Cablegrams may also be sent from our Public Pay Stations. The arrangements vary at different classes of stations, but as rapidly as possible we shall equip them with full directions.

Chicago
Telephone Company

ANNOUNCEMENT

I wish to inform the ladies of Antioch and vicinity that I have purchased the Store Fixtures and Stock of the Friedman Cloak and Suit Co., of Waukegan, which stock will go on sale in a few days. This immense line of fashionable wearing apparel will be sacrificed at lower prices than was ever seen in this county, preparatory to our "Spring Opening" a little later. Nothing is reserved—everything must be sold regardless of cost or value—Our reasons for this big sale at this season, no two merchants do business alike, hence we wish to make our own selection in the future. Look for big bargains at this sale, you will not be disappointed. Watch this paper for date of opening.

PERSONAL—I ask pardon for seeming egotism, but having thirty years experience in ready-to-wear garments, I am sure we can select for you the choicest, nobbiest up-to-date garments at lowest prices possible. Our aim will be courteous treatment by competent sales people, whether you buy or not. We have come here to live and be citizens of Waukegan and only ask your kind indulgence and a visit to our store and convince yourself.

Respectfully,

A. H. SIMON

Successor Friedman Cloak & Suit Co.



LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcements and the
Elgin Butter Market

ELGIN, ILL., Meh. 18—Butter firm at 26c. Output for the week, 439,200 lbs.

T. A. Somerville was a Chicago visitor Sunday.

A special on fancy canned peaches at 14c. Chase Webb.

A genuine W. L. Douglas \$2.00 work shoe at Chase Webb's.

Mrs. O. R. Shugart of Rockford, spent the fore part of the week at this place.

Mrs. Wm. Kuss of Chicago, visited Antioch friends a few days the latter part of last week.

Are you contemplating papering this spring. If so, call and see my line of new patterns. Overton's drug store.

For Rent—Seven room house with barn and three lots. Good well and cistern. Mrs. C. M. Manley, Antioch.

At the Christian church divine service will be held Sunday, March 19th at 2:30 p. m. Sunday school after the service.

Mrs. Chas. Hines and children returned to Antioch Monday after a couple of months visit with relatives in Chicago.

The Liberty Cemetery Helpers will meet with Mrs. Frank Hahn, Tuesday noon, March 21. All are cordially invited. Maude S. Robbins, Sec'y.

For Rent—A ten room house one-half mile east of Loon Lake, barn, cistern and good garden spot. Inquire of Sheehan Bros. 28-4t

Mrs. A. O. Stixrud gave a party to a number of little folks on Saturday afternoon in honor of the fourth birthday of her little son, Reginald.

The Angola Cemetery Society will hold their regular meeting with Mrs. Charles Hamlin Tuesday afternoon, March 21. Elsie Quadenfeld, Sec'y.

I now have on hand a complete line of new and up-to-date wall paper stock, which I invite you to call and inspect before buying. Overton's drug store.

The plate glass for repairing the damaged windows of Antioch arrived Tuesday and the merchants will soon have their usual amount of light once more.

Indian Silos—Wm Stoffel, McHenry, Ill., agent for northern and western Lake County. Special discount for early orders. A postal card will bring us to your place. 13m4

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Savage, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Savage and Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Paddock who have been spending the winter at Punta Gorda, Fla., returned home Monday.

See Alden, Biderger & Co. for anything in music. Pianos, phonographs and records. Two stores, 473 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan. For piano tuning send to us. 27w2

Geo. Huber has bought back his sign and carriage painting business which he sold to his brother Frank last fall, and is now prepared to meet his old patrons and many new ones, and offers them the same line of satisfactory work as formerly.

The neighbors of Mrs. J. C. James, Jr., invited themselves to her home Monday afternoon to help her celebrate her birthday anniversary. The hostess was completely surprised but she made her guests heartily welcome and the afternoon was pleasantly spent by all.

I have on hand my new spring samples and styles of ready-to-wear suits, skirts, waists, petticoats, etc.; also a fine line of beautiful white and ginghams dresses for ladies, misses and children. All prices. Guaranteed to fit. Also a fine line of all kinds of goods by the yard. Mrs. A. G. Watson, Antioch. 1t

Rev. Thos. K. Gall of Wicker Park church, Chicago, will be in Antioch on Friday evening, March 31, and will deliver one of his celebrated lectures at the entertainment given by the Epworth League at the M. E. church on that date. The members have so far this winter raised the sum of sixty dollars which they intend to use in defraying the expense of a new cement walk from the main side walk to the church doors and at this entertainment they hope to net a sufficient amount to make up the required sum. Remember the date and make an effort to attend. You will not only help a good cause, but will hear a good lecture that will more than repay you for the price of admission, which will be 15c and 25c.

Wise Man's Observation.
Round numbers are always false.—Johnson.

Dr. Darby of Wilmet was an Antioch visitor Monday.

Good can corn three for 25 cents at Chase Webb's.

See my special clean-up on spring suits made to order. Chase Webb.

Mrs. T. A. Somerville and son, Earl, visited in Chicago a few days last week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Herman of Grass Lake, on Thursday, March 9, a son.

A Runyard will have an auction sale at his farm Monday, March 20, beginning at 1:00 o'clock.

The argument to quash the indictment against L. C. Price, former county treasurer and deputy treasurer under Fred Ames, was argued in chancery Saturday afternoon with the result that Judge Frost quashed the indictment as to three counts but sustained it as to the remaining count which attorneys state is the most important one. It was the general impression that the case surely would come to trial next week, but it now looks as though it will be laid over until the special session in May.

The remains of Miss Lenora Ames of Miles City, Montana, were interred in the cemetery at Rosecrans on Sunday. Up to five years ago the deceased was a resident of Millburn, and upon leaving that place she went west to make her home with Truman Ames and family at Miles City and there she lived until her death which was caused by an attack of the measles, her illness lasting only a few days. She was about thirty-five years of age and was the last member of the family.

Special \$5.00 to \$8.00 cut on a few spring suits, made to order, at Chase Webb's.

Disturbed Peace of Salmon.

Some queer charges are brought from time to time in the police courts in connection with game and fish preservation, but that brought against a collier at Cockermouth seems to be unique. The man was charged with disturbing salmon on their spawning beds by walking up and down the river banks. It was stated in evidence that the fish were so numerous that some of them had been driven right into the side to spawn, and that they ceased if anybody stood on the bank and looked at them. This sounds rather like a scientific fairy tale, but the magistrates believed it, and fined the collier 15s. for prying into the domestic affairs of the salmonidae. I take it that the magistrates imagined that his interest was not purely scientific, for it seems difficult to construe walking on the river banks as an offense under the salmon fishery act.—London Truth

Stealing a Comet.

A European astronomer has tried with some success to steal a comet. Some weeks ago a new comet was announced and received the name of the comet Cerull, after its finder.

Soon, however, other astronomers were unkind enough to point out that he had appropriated what belongs to another, and that this was without doubt Fay's comet, discovered in 1843.

Its period is a little less than 7½ years, and it made its reappearance on time up to 1895.

It should have come back in 1903, but failed to show up. But they are sure that the comet Cerull is Fay's comet, repenting of its remissness seven years ago, and now resuming its regular beat.

A Devoted Son.

A man may be a big, successful and popular athlete and yet an obedient and devoted son. By way of illustration this story is told of Hans Lobert a star in the National Baseball league Lobert recently attended a basketball game with a number of friends. It was near midnight when he accompanied his associates to a prominent club for luncheon. They ate, smoked, chatted and laughed until an hour had passed and Hans looked at his watch. "Boys, I must catch this next South-side car." "Oh, stay awhile," came a chorus from the table. "No. I had better be leaving. My mother probably is wondering where I am. She generally expects me home much earlier than this."

His Excellent Record.

Hungry Howard (remissly)—Ah, me boy, you don't know how it feels to finish first in a test of endurance an' skill.

Languid Lawrence (sarcastically)—An' uv course you do?

Hungry Howard—Well, I don't like ter brag uv me powers, but I've won five pie-eatin' contests out uv a possible seven!

Kills a Murderer

A merciless murderer is appendicitis with many victims, but Dr. King's New Life Pills kill it by prevention. They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, biliousness, chills, 25c at J. H. Swan's.

VALUE OF A STRONG MEMORY

Some Who Possess It Are Not Otherwise Above the Ordinary—Children Learn Readily.

While a strong memory is a great convenience, it is not necessarily an advantage.

Cardinal Mezzofanti, whose memory for words was so retentive that he never forgot one after hearing it once, and which enabled him to acquire more than a hundred languages, was in most respects a very ordinary person. Pliny relates that Mithridates, king of Pontus, had so excellent a memory that he was able to speak fluently 22 languages native to the provinces of his vast empire. Yet he was a cruel barbarian.

A well-known peripatetic elocutionist and reciter still living declares that he can repeat, without further preparation, about 3,000 selections in prose and poetry. He probably tells the truth, since he has been training his mind in this particular direction for many years.

On the other hand, such men as Sir Walter Scott, Macaulay, and Gladstone were not only possessors of excellent memories, they were also men of good judgment.

Among human beings children have the most remarkable memories. Under favorable circumstances they will learn three and even four languages, so as to be able to express their thoughts with equal ease in any one of them by the time they are six or seven years of age.

And they accomplish this remarkable feat without any aid from the mnemonic devices to which adults are compelled to resort when they undertake a similar task. They learn words and phrases unconsciously, and rarely forget them as long as they live. On the other hand, grown-ups rarely acquire accurate pronunciation of a foreign language, although they may be able to use it with entire correctness.

It is a common belief that the memory is more tenacious in early life than in later years. That seems to depend almost entirely on the individual.

Sure, He Did the Right Thing!

"I hope it will be a long time before I have such another test applied to my honesty," a down-town merchant remarked as he returned from waiting on a customer, relates the St. Paul Dispatch. "What was the trouble?" asked his partner. "These near-wool suits. An old fellow came in just now and asked me the price of one. 'Seven dollars,' I told him. 'Speak louder!' he said, holding his hand behind his ear. So I yelled, 'Seven dollars!' 'Eleven dollars! Too much!' I'll give you nine! he replied." His partner looked at the speaker in alarm. "You—er—of course, did the right thing?" "I guess you can depend on me to do the right thing," was the haughty retort. Then he paused. "You'd better get some dollar bills when you go to the bank," he remarked. "I just gave an old fellow our last one for change."

Through the Stomach First.

The ideal side of man—his heart—may be starved for years, but the material side—his stomach—must be looked after immediately. Man's heart may pine and hunger—even wither away for a month, but his stomach will not stand for the pine and hunger and wither away at a single day without rebellion—it knows what it wants and it wants it when it sees it, quick. A bouquet of lilies can be overlooked in a shuffle—a frantic desire to grab a cluster of doughnuts is ever paramount. Doughnuts bud and bloom every day whereas lilies blossom and bloom but once a year. It is rather tough on sweethearts and wives, but, after all, the only way to touch a man's heart is through his stomach.

Queer Laws in Switzerland.

There are in force in Switzerland certain laws which, in the hands of the unscrupulous, may work great havoc with personal rights and liberties. This is a point concerning which there can be no dispute. For instance, in most cantons men and women may be punished not only for what they have actually done in the past, but also for what may possibly result in the future from what they have done. Suppose a man is spending week by week all that he earns. Then the local authorities, acting in conjunction with the police, may send him to a penal workhouse, on the pretext that his conduct is such that he may later become destitute, and, therefore, a burden on the community.

Thought Makes the Difference.

Man is only a reed, the feeblest in nature; but he is a thinking reed. It is not necessary that the whole universe should rise to arms and crush him. A vapor, a drop of water, suffices to kill him. (But if the entire universe were to crush him, man would still be more than that which slays him, because he knows that he is dying; and of the advantage that the universe possesses over him he knows nothing.) Thus all our dignity consists in thought. It is that upon which we must take our stand, not upon space and duration. Let us then labor to think well; that is the principle of morals.

The Koh-I-Noor.
The Koh-I-Noor diamond originally weighed 800 karats, but by successive cuttings has been reduced to 106 karats.

This Is No Secret.
The man who is convinced that he is wise is generally merely conceited.

Adjudication Notice.
Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, administratrix, of the estate of Charles M. Manley, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of May next, 1911, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.
JAMES L. SWAYER, Administrator.
Whitney, Dady & Runyard, Attorneys.
Waukegan, Illinois, March 1, 1911. 26w3

The Nimble Penny.
It is estimated that on an average each penny in circulation changes hands eleven times a week.

A Fierce Night Alarm
is the hoarse, startling cough of a child, suddenly attacked by croup. Often it arouses Lewis Chamblin, of Manchester, O., [R. R. No. 2] for their four children were greatly subject to croup. "Sometimes in severe attacks," he wrote, "we were afraid they would die, but since we proved what a certain remedy Dr. King's New Discovery is, we have no fear. We rely on it for croup and for coughs, colds or any throat or lung trouble." So do thousands of others. So may you. Asthma, hay fever, lagrippe, whooping cough, hemorrhages fly before it. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free. Sold by J. H. Swan.

J. C. JAMES, JR.
UNDERTAKER
LICENSED EMBALMER
Licensed by the State Board of Health

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,
AND DO A GENERAL
BANKING BUSINESS.

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VETERINARY SURGEON
ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

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REAL ESTATE

Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several
Good Companies

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Calls Answered Day or Night

Phone 313 Antioch, Ill.

T. N. DONNELLY & Co.

Loan and Diamond Brokers

New No. 24 and 26, N. Dearborn, st.

118 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores. Dec 1910 71

E. V. ORVIS

Lawyer and Notary Public. Practice all courts. Real property for sale. Insurance suits and collections of wages a specialty. Fire and Life Insurance.

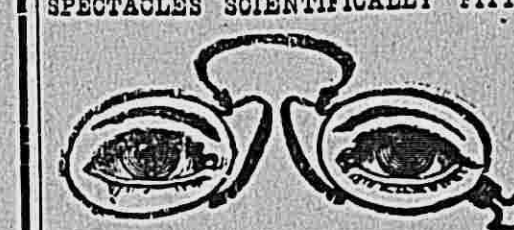
201 Washington St.
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month. In Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting neighbors always welcome. L. M. HUGHES, V. G. J. C. JAMES, Jr., Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., hold regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. W. F. ZIEGLER, W. M. FRANK HUBER, Sec'y.

The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth Thursdays of each month. MABEL GRIMM, W. M. IDA OSMOND, Sec'y.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



C. F. INGALLS & BRO.

Jewelers and Opticians.

112 Genesee St., Waukegan, Ill.

How's This

A solid Blucher, tip, work shoe for \$2.50

A solid Blucher, outside counter work shoe for \$2.00

A solid plain toe, outside counter work shoe for \$2.00

If these shoes don't prove the best you ever had for the money, bring them back.

If these shoes do not have a sole leather, one-piece counter, bring them back.

If these shoes do not have two solid, full leather soles and inner soles, bring them back and get a new pair.

They are three of the best work shoes ever sprung on this community at the price. They are shown in our window this week.

Can You Beat Them?

ANTIOCH CASH SHOE STORE

GOOD SHOES

AN INCOMPARABLE LIGHT

A Helper That Never Tires

ARE EACH AVAILABLE AT
THE TOUCH OF A BUTTON

When your Home is Equipped with Electricity

It is Luxurious in Everything but Cost

Electric Service is possible to any income under our plan of wiring houses at cost 24 MONTHS TO PAY, NO INTEREST.

North Shore Electric Company

See my line of 1910 Wall Paper Samples and get my prices before letting contract

NICK WEINDEL

Painter and Paper Hanger

All Work done in
First Class Manner

ANTIOCH, ILL.

High Cost of Living Reduced!

GROCERIES

21 lbs. granulated sugar...\$1.00
Ceresota flour bbl. lots, sks 1.35
9 bars Lenox soap.....25
7 bars Galvanic soap.....22
16 bars Swifts Pride soap.....25
12 bars Calumet Family soap.....25
10 pkgs Argo starch.....25
2 pkgs Yeast Foam or.....25
Magic Yeast.....05
10c bottle of pickles.....06
10c bottle of olives.....07
5 lbs. domino sugar.....40
2 pks. Cream of Wheat.....25
Large Postum Cereal.....18
4 bars Palm Olive soap.....25
10 bars Naptha soap.....25
4 large cans mustard sardines.....30
2 cans Eagle milk.....25

DRY GOODS

Standard prints 15 yds. for...60
7 spools of thread, coarse numbers.....25
2 balls knitting cotton.....05
2 papers safety pins.....02
12c Lonsdale bleached muslin, yard.....09
10c Hope bleached muslin yd.....07
Pepperell R unbleached muslin, yard.....06
9-4 Pepperell unbleached muslin yard.....21
Fancy table oil cloth, yd.....12
1.00 wool dress goods, yd.....80
75c " " " ".....55
60c " " " ".....45
15c percales, yd.....12
15c ginghams, yd.....12

FOOTWEAR

\$2.75 men's 2 buckle sock overs.....2.00
2.50 men's 2 buckle sock overs.....1.85
2.50 men's 1 buckle felt overs.....1.80
2.25 men's 1 buckle felt overs.....1.65
1.65 men's 1 buckle artie.....1.35
1.25 men's 1 buckle artie.....85
Men's storm rubbers.....65
4.00 men's shoes.....3.00
3.50 " " " ".....2.75
3.00 " " " ".....2.25
First quality men's rubber boots.....3.40

25 per cent discount on all winter hosiery and underwear

F. D. BATTERSHALL

General Merchandise

Grayslake, Illinois

FIGHT TWO BATTLES

REBELS MEET REVERSES IN
NORTHERN MEXICO AT HANDS
OF FEDERALS.

100 KILLED AND WOUNDED

Machine Gun Fire Repulses Insurrectos, Who Attack Diaz' Force of 300 at Agua Prieta—Band of 120 Trapped, 50 Slain.

Mexico City.—Conditions bordering on panic reign throughout northern Mexico. According to reports received here Sunday the federal troops were victorious in two battles fought against the revolutionists in which 100 men were killed and wounded.

At Agua Prieta, across the border from Douglas, Ariz., 500 rebels Sunday attacked 300 federal troops, but were unable to withstand the fire of the machine guns and retreated. The rebels were armed with rifles only. The total casualties are placed at thirty-five.

A body of 120 insurrectos was cut to pieces by state rurales at San Bartolito Pueblo Saturday. More than fifty were killed, eleven seriously wounded and twenty-seven captured. Owing to the fact that the rurales have adopted the revolutionists' tactics of ambushing their enemy, none of their number was killed and only a few wounded.

Colonel Guerrero, in command of the rurales, upon learning the rebels were marching to attack the municipality of Nativitas, sent 100 of his men to meet them. Fifty others were ordered to cut off the retreat.

The first force selected a favorable position overlooking a ravine through which the rebels must pass, and when they were in the trap opened a merciless fire on them. The rebels are said to have made a stubborn fight but at the end of a half hour they were completely demoralized.

The rebels have answered President Diaz' order suspending the civil guarantees with an order to give no quarter. This is taken here to mean that the fighting hereafter will be marked by all the barbarity of medieval times.

Reports from Chihuahua, delayed several days in transmission, relate a distressing state of affairs in that city. Owing to the closing down of some of the industrial establishments and the running on short time of others, on account of the shortage of coal, many workmen have been thrown out of employment and are facing starvation.

Thoroughly aroused by the spread of brigandage and vandalism incident to the revolution, and determined to protect property, the Diaz government will wage against the lawless element a pitiless war of extermination.

Resurrecting a provision of the Mexican constitution not used for 15 years, and acting under its authorization, the government will set aside for six months certain personal guarantees.

All persons detected in the act of highway robbery, of raiding a village or farm, or train wrecking, or cutting telegraph or telephone wires or even of removing a spike from a railroad track or throwing a stone at a train will be summarily shot.

The bill providing for this drastic measure was sent to the permanent commission of the federal congress. It was signed by Miguel Macedo, sub-secretary of the department of the interior, and says its enactment is the wish of the president.

That the measure did not immediately become a law is due to official form. The permanent commission is a body endowed with power to act when congress is not in session. The members of the commission unanimously approved the measure, but, under the law, it is necessary that the bill come up for a second reading.

It was referred to a subcommittee and this subcommittee was instructed to report it to the commission at a special session. It will be favorably acted upon.

The decision to ask for the "suspension of personal guarantees" provided for by the constitution was reached by the president in conference with the members of his cabinet.

PROMOTER GUILTY OF FRAUD

Clarence D. Hillman, Worth \$7,000,000, Convicted on Thirteen Counts Charging a Felony.

Seattle, Wash.—Clarence D. Hillman, towns promoter, said to be worth \$7,000,000, was found guilty in the federal court of using the mails to defraud.

The jury acquitted him on the first five indictments, charging a misdemeanor, but convicted him on thirteen counts of the sixth indictment, charging a felony. The maximum penalty for each of the thirteen counts is five years' imprisonment and \$5,000 fine.

Liner Has Stormy Voyage.

New York.—After one of the stormiest trips of her whole experience the Mauretania arrived Friday nearly twelve hours late. All the way over she bucked head seas and heavy winds, so that her average speed was cut down to 24.36 knots an hour.

Women Win Eight-Hour Law.

Olympia, Wash.—The legislature closed its session Friday. Among measures passed was an eight-hour law for women workers and an employees' compensation act.

JAPAN TREATY BEST

TAFT COMMENDS CONGRESS, BUT ALSO CENSURES.

Declares Failure to Enact Reciprocity Agreement Was Great Disappointment.

Atlanta, Ga.—In an address before the Southern Commercial Congress Friday President Taft declared that the failure to enact reciprocity with Canada was the greatest disappointment of the Sixty-first congress, and that the greatest achievement was the ratification of the treaty with Japan.

He reached the convention hall shortly before 12 o'clock and was given a tremendous ovation.

The president was introduced by former Governor Francis of Missouri.

"The Sixty-first congress just closed has enacted more useful and progressive legislation in its three sessions than any congress since the war.

"One of the crying evils of the present day is the expense of litigation. This congress has passed an act making substantial reductions in the cost of appealing cases from the courts of first instance to the courts of appeals."

The president then enumerated several other laws that were passed.

"A great disappointment of the session," he continued, "was the final defeat of a permanent tariff board.

"Finally, and the most important thing which was done in the session just closed, was the ratification of the treaty with Japan.

"Of course, the greatest disappointment of the session was the failure of the senate to follow the lead of the house in ratifying the reciprocity agreement made with Canada.

"When we entered upon the negotiations I authorized the secretary of state and his commissioners to offer free trade in everything, but this Canada could not grant us.

"Canada is at the parting of the ways. If we now reject this opportunity we shall throw away an opportunity for mutual benefit not likely to recur.

"Under my promise to use my utmost efforts to secure the ratification of this agreement by congress I have felt it my duty upon the failure of the senate to act to call an extra session for the purpose of securing the ratification of the agreement. I feel confident that a test of six months of this agreement will so vindicate the wisdom of adopting it as to remove it from political discussion thereafter."

FREED OF BRIBERY CHARGE

Illinois Legislators Declared "Not Guilty" of Conspiracy in Connection With Furniture Contracts.

Springfield, Ill., March 13.—After three and one-half hours' deliberation, during which time about twenty-one ballots were taken, the jury in the trial of State Senator Stanton C. Pemberton of Oakland and of former Representative Joseph S. Clark of Vandalia, who are charged with entering into a conspiracy to secure money corruptly for their votes in awarding the contract for the furnishing of the senate and house chambers of the statehouse, returned a verdict of "not guilty."

At the first trial, two months ago, the jury failed to agree.

Pemberton and Clark were members of a special committee named by the legislature to purchase furniture for the house of representatives. It was charged that they attempted to secure a bribe from representatives of furniture companies, which bid on the contract.

INDICT 25 IN VOTE PROBE

Danville Jury Charges Coroner and 24 Others With Securing Campaign Funds Unlawfully.

Danville, Ill.—The Vermillion county vote probe grand jury returned its first batch of indictments Friday against men accused of a crime against the ballots. Twenty-five in all were returned, and while the state's attorney's office was reticent regarding them, Assistant State's Attorney Boyle admitted one had been returned against County Attorney Ralph Cole and Charles Colley, editor of a labor newspaper devoted to negroes. These indictments do not charge the men with selling their franchise, but allege they accepted money on election day for the specific purpose of working for a certain candidate.

FRANCE STOPS ALL CLOCKS

Readjusts Republic's Time to Correspond With Standard Set at Greenwich.

Paris.—In accordance with the bill passed in the senate February 10, central European, or Greenwich, time, became the legal time of France at midnight. At 12 p. m. the clocks throughout the country were stopped for nine minutes 21 seconds and railroad trains were held up at stations for a like period in order to make their running time coincide with the new condition.

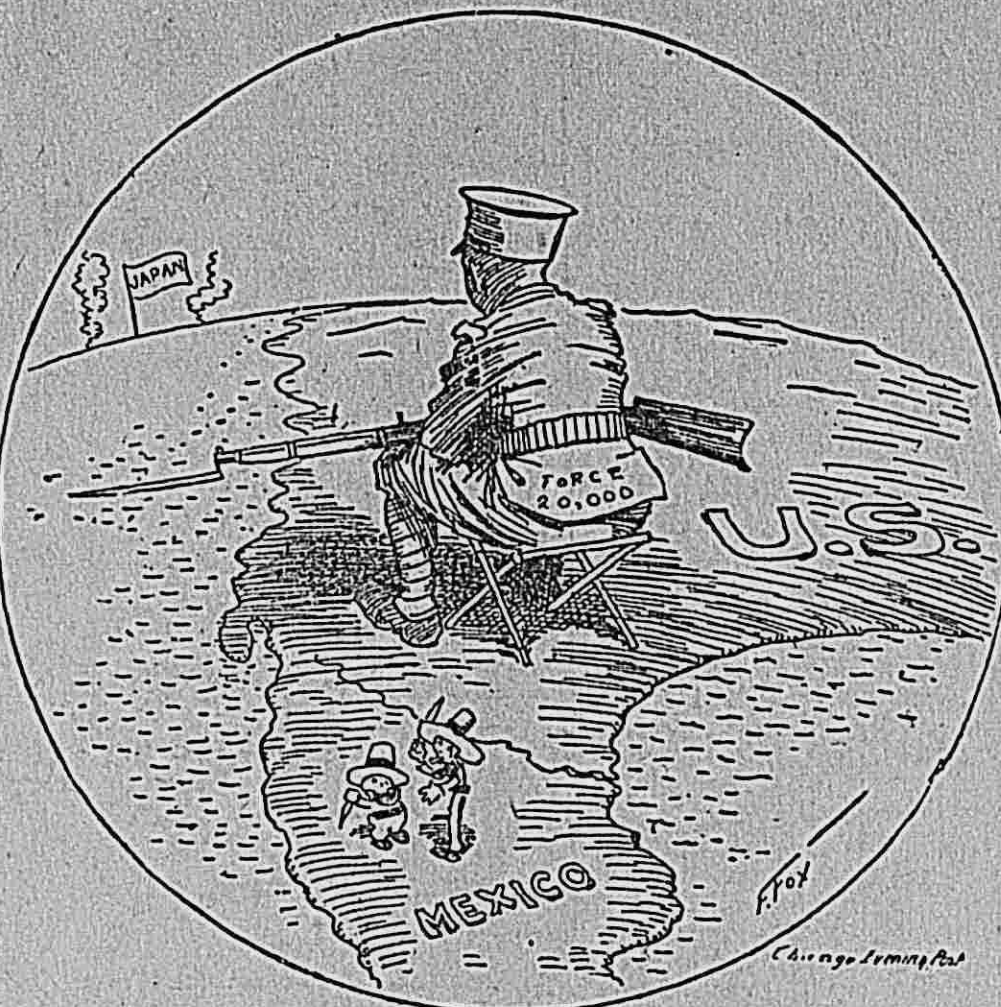
Arrest Two for Murder.

Denver, Col.—Dr. C. W. Wright and Leo Neuhahr were arrested Saturday on charge of murdering Philip Schuch, Jr., by poison. It was supposed Schuch had died from heart disease, but an autopsy showed arsenical poisoning.

Bitten by Mouse; Near Death.

Evansville, Ind.—Bitten by a mouse two and one-half months ago, Conrad Bergdorf, a farmer, now lies in a critical condition here with blood poisoning.

WATCHING THAT MEXICAN "REVOLUTION"



26 DEAD IN SLIDE

TEN BODIES ARE REMOVED FROM VIRGINIA, MINN., MINE.

MEN TRAPPED IN AVALANCHE

Only Four of Track Laying Gang Able to Escape Huge Mass of Earth and Snow—Many Bodies Torn to Shreds.

Virginia, Minn., March 13.—Ten bodies, crushed almost into an unrecognizable mass of flesh and bones, have been recovered from the Norman open-pit mine where an avalanche of earth, rock, ice and snow buried twenty-six miners. The other sixteen bodies have not been reached, but the mine officials are bending every effort to expedite the work of rescue. The catastrophe was due, it is said, to the thawing of the last few days suddenly loosening bowlders and earth and forcing the ore body to slide toward the bottom of the pit.

Only four who were working on the outer edge, had a chance to run, and escaped the avalanche. Three of these are in a hospital suffering from probably fatal injuries.

The place that was an open pit before the slide is a choked area of rock and ore and earth, with here and there parts of a body in sight. An army of men with shovels is working desperately to recover the bodies. The work is tedious and pursued under extreme difficulties.

It will be days before the bodies can be recovered and all the parts of many probably never will be assembled. The mass of rock and earth ground many of them into shreds.

The name of only one victim could be learned, Paul Paulson, a widower, who leaves seven children. His wife died a month ago.

The miners who were taking up one of the two tracks in the pit in order to permit the great steam shovel to work in another section of the mine were for the most part bent over with bars and claws when the avalanche swept them into eternity. There was no chance for anybody to move a foot.

Chief of Police Ellis Walsh was notified of the accident by one of the mine engineers. He hastened to the mine, which is about three-quarters of a mile outside the city limits, but found that the forces of the Oliver Mining company were amply able to take care of the situation from the standpoint of preventing undue confusion. The women and children who had lost their husbands and fathers talked in their native tongue to the men who were shoveling.

The Norman employs about 1,000 men when running to capacity. Just at this time, however, several hundred are employed, working in night and day shifts.

LIFE OF DIETZ BABY BRIEF

"Battle of Cameron Dam" Is Blamed for Death of "Outlaw's" Son, Say Physicians.

St. Paul, Minn.—The little son of John F. Dietz and Mrs. Dietz, born only a few days ago, is dead. Mrs. Dietz is in a critical condition. It was on account of the condition of Mrs. Dietz that the so-called "outlaw of Cameron Dam" surrendered to the authorities after a fierce fight at his home several months ago. Physicians say the scenes enacted during the "battle of Cameron Dam" are responsible for the death of the child.

Pass Anti-Treating Bill.

Jefferson City, Mo.—The house passed Saturday, by a vote of 83 to 17, a bill to prohibit treating in saloons. Representative Bedsworth, a preacher, who introduced the bill, said it will solve the liquor problem.

Bowman Accepts Presidency.

Cedar Rapids, Ia.—James H. Trewin, president of the state board of education, Saturday received the letter of acceptance by John A. Bowman of New York of the presidency of the state university.

BALLINGER RESIGNS

PRESENTS RESIGNATION AND TAFT APPOINTS W. L. FISHER.

Retiring Official Bases His Request Entirely Upon His Health and Receives Warm Praise From President.

Washington.—Richard A. Ballinger's resignation as secretary of the interior was accepted by President Taft and Walter L. Fisher of Chicago was Tuesday appointed as his successor.

Mr. Ballinger tendered his resignation in a letter on January 19, being on the condition of his health. The president replied at once, expressing his confidence in Secretary Ballinger, his reluctance to accept his resignation, and requested the secretary to remain in office until the close of the session of congress. Immediately on the adjournment of congress Secretary Ballinger renewed his request.

Tuesday President Taft, in a letter, formally accepted the resignation and Mr. Fisher was appointed as his successor, his commission being signed immediately by the president. Mr. Fisher will take office immediately.

"I have had the fullest opportunity," the president says in his letter accepting the resignation, "to know you, to know your standards of service to the government and the public, to know your motives, to know how you have administered your office and to know the motives of those who have assailed you."

And in the conclusion of his letter the president declares that "every fiber of my nature rebels against such hypocrisy" (referring to the attacks on Ballinger's character) "and nerves me to fight such a combination and such methods to the bitter end, lest success in this instance may form a demoralizing precedent. But personal consideration for you and yours makes me feel that I have no right to ask for a further sacrifice."

The president goes on to declare it evident that he has been himself the ultimate object of the attack, and says that to insist on Mr. Ballinger's remaining in office "with the prospects of further efforts against you, is selfishly to impose on you more of a burden than I ought to impose."

CENSURE FOR STEPHENSON

Wisconsin Assembly Adopts Resolution, 52 to 23, Scoring Senator for Voting for Lorimer.

Madison, Wis.—After various attempts to sidetrack the main question, and after refusing to adopt one Republican and one Democratic substitute, the assembly, by a vote of 52 to 23, adopted C. B. Ballard's joint resolution censuring United States Senator Stephenson for voting in favor of seating Senator Lorimer of Illinois and lauding Senator La Follette for his vote to unseat the Illinois solon.

The resolution also declares that Senator Stephenson "brought censure upon the state" by his vote.

Crouse Will Contest Ends.

New York.—After years of litigation and uncertainty in establishing her claim as daughter of Daniel Edgar Crouse, reputed bachelor, who died in 1892, leaving an estate of \$5,000,000 to 27 cousins, Mrs. Dorothea Crouse McKivker, wife of John Augustus McKivker, established that claim in the appellate division of the supreme court, and will now come into her share of the estate of one and one-half million dollars.

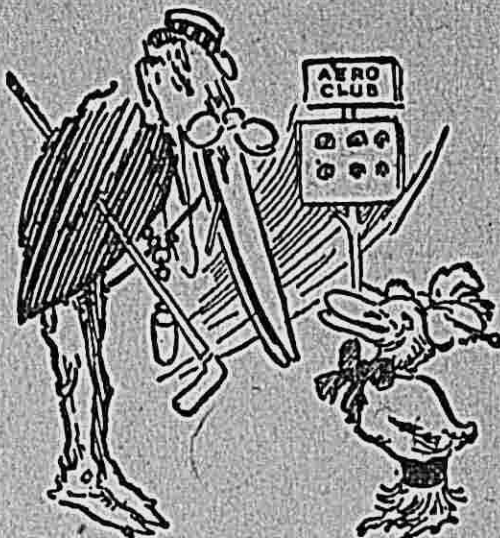
Iowa National Guard Ready.

Des Moines, Ia.—Adjutant General Logan of the Iowa National Guard Saturday asked the war department at Washington to order all companies of the Iowa National Guard to go to the Mexican frontier prepared for war if necessary.

Harriman Tax Helps Capitol.

Salt Lake City, Utah.—Of the \$790,000 inheritance tax paid to Utah by the Harriman estate, \$750,000 will be appropriated by the legislature for a state capitol building.

FAMILY PRIDE.



Prof. Stork—And how are we getting on with our studies, Ernestine? Have you been promoted to the flying class yet?

Little Miss Quacker—Oh, no, professor. Mother has decided that I shall not take that course. She says anybody can fly—but only the best families take to water naturally.

WOULD LIE AWAKE ALL NIGHT WITH ITCHING ECZEMA

"Ever since I can remember I was a terrible sufferer of eczema and other irritating skin diseases. I would lie awake all night, and my suffering was intolerable. A sealy humor settled on my back, and being but a child, I naturally scratched it. It was a burning, itching sensation, and utterly intolerable. In fact, it was so that I could not possibly forget about it. It did not take long before it spread to my shoulders and arms, and I was almost covered with a mass of raw flesh on account of my scratching. I was in such a condition that my hands were tied.

"A number of physicians were called, but it seemed beyond their medical power and knowledge to cure me. Having tried numerous treatments without deriving any benefit from them, I had given myself up to the mercy of my dreadful malady, but I thought I would take the Cuticura treatment as a last resort. Words cannot express my gratitude to the one who created 'The Cuticura Miracles,' as I have named them, for now I feel as if I never suffered from even a pimple. My disease was routed by Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I shall never cease praising the wonderful merits they contain. I will never be without them, in fact, I can almost dare any skin diseases to attack me so long as I have Cuticura Remedies in the house. I hope that this letter will give other sufferers an idea of how I suffered, and also hope that they will not pass the 'Cuticura Life Saving Station.'" (Signed) C. Louis Green, 929 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 29, 1910.

A Matter of Size.

Wife—I want a cap, please, for my husband.

Shopkeeper—Yes, madam. What size does he wear?

Wife—Well, I really forget. His collar are size sixteen, though I expect he'd want about size eighteen or twenty for a cap, wouldn't he?

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Fortunate.

Mrs. Woggs—She is enormously wealthy.

Mrs. Boggs—Yes. She was an only wife, you know!

WHEN RUBBERS BECOME NECESSARY And your shoes pinch, Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes, is just the thing to use. Try it for Breaking In New Shoes. Sold everywhere. See Sample FREE. Address A. B. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Don't accept any substitute.

To render your neighbor a service willingly shows the generosity of your character; to preserve silence over it, the grandeur of your soul.—Puyseux.

You will sneeze; perhaps feel chilly. You think you are catching cold. Don't wait until you know it. Take a dose of Hamlin's Wizard Oil and you just can't catch cold.

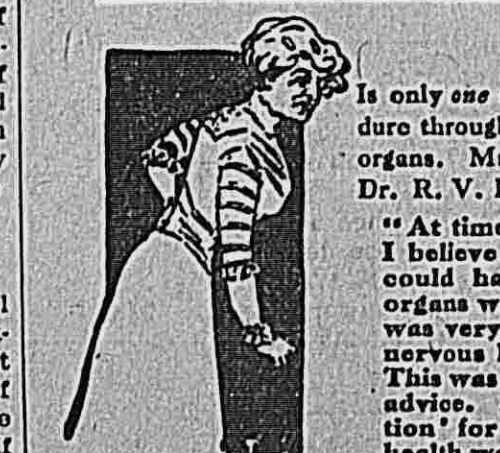
Improvidence in trifles never made a millionaire nor swelled a bank account.

In the Spring cleanse the system and purify the blood by the use of Garfield Tea.

Her savings are the saving of many a business girl.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar. You pay 10c for cigars not so good.

Loud apparel naturally proclaims the man.



Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. Tones and builds up the nerves. Do not permit a dishonest dealer to substitute for this medicine which has a record of 40 years of cures. "No, thank you, I want what I ask for."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

IMPORTANT CHANGES IN PASSENGER DEPARTMENT GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM.

On account resignation Geo. W. Vaux, Mr. Harry G. Elliott has been appointed general passenger agent at Montreal, and is succeeded in Chicago by Mr. J. D. McDonald as assistant general passenger agent.

Mr. McDonald has a wide acquaintance with the railway and newspaper fraternity, having for many years represented his company at Buffalo as agent in charge Niagara Frontier, and for the past eight years as district passenger agent at Toronto, where his territory embraced the Highlands of Ontario resorts, including Muskoka, Lake of Bays, Temagami and the Cobalt region.

Mr. McDonald was secretary of the entertainment committee at Buffalo when meeting of the American Association of General Passenger Agents met there prior to opening of Pan-American exposition; was one of Geo. T. Bell's aids in looking after the general passenger agents at their Portland, Me., trip, and also two years ago when they had two special trains to the Canada resorts.

Mr. McDonald's territory embraces what is known as the western division, being that portion of the Grand Trunk Railway System lying west of Detroit and Port Huron, and also all territory west of Chicago to the Pacific coast and southwest to the Gulf of Mexico.

Modern application is likely to extract the teeth of an old saw.

All druggists sell the famous Herb remedy, Garfield Tea. It corrects constipation.

Each penny saved means one less pang of foreboding.

Smokers find Lewis' Single Binder 5c cigar better quality than most 10c cigars.

A woman's club sometimes reminds a man of a hammer.

30 ft. Bowels—

Biggest organ of the body—the bowels—and the most important—It's got to be looked after—neglect means suffering and years of misery. CASCARETS help nature keep every part of your bowels clean and strong—then they act right—means health to your whole body.

CASCARETS are a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—Million boxes a month.

Common Sense Exterminator

A 25c Can Will Kill 50 Rats

They leave every food for it. One nibble will kill a rat. No odor—no dirt on the carcass. For 19 years our offer has stood "Money back if not satisfactory." Common Sense Cockroach Exterminator also does perfect work.

Sold by All Dealers.

If not at yours write us a postal and we will see that you are supplied.

COMMON SENSE EXTERMINATOR CO., 20 Niagara Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

A Country School for Girls in New York City

Best Features of Country and City Life

Out-of-door Sports on School Park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Full Academic Course from Primary Class to Graduation. Upper Class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Summer Session. Certificate admits to College. School Coach Meets Day Pupils.

Miss Bangs and Miss Wilton, Riverside Ave., near 25th St., West

NEW RUPTURE CURE

DON'T WEAR A TRUSS

Brooks' Appliance. New discovery. Wonderful. No abdominal springs or pads. Automatic Air Cushions. Blinds and draws the broken parts together as you would broken limb. No salve. No lymphol. No lies. Durable, cheap. Sent on trial. Pat. Sept. 10, '01.

CATALOGUE FREE. C. E. BROOKS, 4735 Brooks Building, Marshall, Michigan

FACTS ON SIUSLAW-OREGON'S

Undeveloped Seacoast Country

Soil, Climate and Resources. Advantages and Disadvantages. Large County Map showing Cities, Towns, Postoffices and Vacant Lands. Fully illustrated. Price 25 cents. No stamps.

FACTS PUBLISHERS, Florence, Oregon

REMEMBER

PISO'S

for COUGHS & COLDS

PATENTS

Watson E. Coleman, Wash. D.C. Books free. High est references. Best results.

DEFIANCE STARCH

never sticks to the iron.

Backache

Is only one of many symptoms which some women endure through weakness or displacement of the womanly organs. Mrs. Lizzie White of Memphis, Tenn., wrote

Dr. R. V. Pierce, as follows:

"At times I was hardly able to be on my feet. I believe I had every pain and ache a woman could have. Had a very bad case. Internal organs were very much diseased and my back was very weak. I suffered a great deal with nervous headaches, in fact, I suffered to all over. This was my condition when I wrote to you for advice. After taking your 'Favorite Prescription' for about three months can say that my health was never better."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. Tones and builds up the nerves. Do not permit a dishonest dealer to substitute for this medicine which has a record of 40 years of cures. "No, thank you, I want what I ask for."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

RURAL NEWS ITEMS

MILLBURN

Many from this vicinity visited the ruins of the powder mill.

Frank T. Fowler of Chicago, attended the John Strang sale.

Mrs. Mary Bater is improving very slowly. She has been very ill.

Arthur VanAlstine left Thursday for Luceda, Wis., for the summer.

Rev. A. W. Safford entertained Rev. J. A. Ainslie, the lecturer, this week.

Miss Ethel McGuire spent Thursday and Friday with her aunt, Mrs. Sid Hook.

J. H. Bonner and John Bonner transacted business in Chicago the past week.

Miss Ella McCredie attended the funeral of her aunt, Mrs. Eusden, at Lake Forest.

Many from the surrounding towns and Waukegan attended the sale at John Strang's last week.

Mr. H. J. Eusden and sons, Ralph and Ray, of Marne, Iowa, spent several days with J. H. and Wm. Bonner the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bonner and family, attended the funeral of their sister, Mrs. H. J. Eusden, at Lake Forest last Wednesday.

There was considerable damage done in this vicinity Thursday night when the powder mill exploded, in the breaking of window glass, dishes and opening doors.

HICKORY

Mort and Irene Savage visited Sunday at Ed. Wells.

Mrs. Effie Hunter spent a few days in Chicago last week.

Miss Cora Edwards visited from Sunday until Friday at Hebron, Ill.

Miss Christofferson visited over Sunday with friends at Genoa Junction.

Mrs. Earl Edwards and daughter, of Chicago, are visiting at the home of D. B. Webb.

Miss Smith returned home Sunday after staying with Mrs. O. L. Hollenbeck the past two months.

Miss Helen Pickles returned home Tuesday of last week, after spending the past three weeks in Chicago.

Miss Josie Mann returned to Hebron last Sunday after spending the past three weeks at the home of A. T. Savage.

Knew Her Part.

The other day Mrs. Penhecker's younger sister was married, and a day or two after the wedding the husband said: "Now, darling, I don't believe in bearing malice, and if ever I have any necessity to say anything unkind or to make use of any hard words to you, I will always take them back again as soon as I have cooled down." "You needn't take that trouble, my dear," replied his wife, smiling sweetly; "for if you ever use any hard words to me, I'll always give them back to you at once."

Attacks School Principal

A severe attack on school principal Chas. B. Allen, of Sylvania, Ga., is thus told by him. "For more than three years," he writes, "I suffered indescribable torture from rheumatism, liver and stomach trouble and diseased kidneys. All remedies failed until I used Electric Bitters, but four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me completely." Such results are common. Thousands bless them for curing stomach trouble, female complaints, kidney disorders, biliousness, and for new health and vigor. Try them. Only 50c at J. H. Swan's.

Army and Navy Inventors.

There are numerous examples of officers of the army and navy inventing machinery and devices which are used by the service without any compensation from the government. Generally speaking, they are guided by the code of honor that as they were educated at the expense of the government and enlisted in its service it has the right to the use of their inventions without payment of royalty or other money. There have been many who have not considered themselves so bound, and have claimed compensation for use of their inventions.—The Bookman.

Has Millions of Friends

How would you like to number your friends by millions as Bucklen's Arnica Salve does? Its astounding cures in the past forty years made them. Its the best salve in the world for sores, ulcers, eczema, burns, boils, scalds, cuts, corns, sore eyes, sprains, swellings, bruises, cold sores. Has no equal for piles. 25c at J. H. Swan's.

RUSSELL

Lester Murray and Joe Landry were Kenosha visitors Thursday.

Mrs. Dexter Ferry will entertain the Ladies' Aid Society in April.

G. P. McNamara is having an addition built on his residence.

Miss Barbara Chase attended a party at Milwaukee on Wednesday evening.

Miss Mary Duncan spent a couple of days at Waukegan the first of the week.

Mrs. Libbie Bonner is reported much improved after the severe shock the explosion gave her.

Mr. and Mrs. George DeFairis were given a pleasant surprise by their friends on Saturday evening. Every one reports a pleasant time.

Russell people have about recovered from the shock of the explosion. Only two houses escaped. Houses were damaged in many ways. Over two tons of glass has been sold since many going to Zion and other cities to get a new supply.

SALEM

A. Burdick left Saturday for Clinton, Mich.

Mr. S. Cull will have an auction on March 21st.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Mutter took a trip Monday in their auto.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Bloss expect to soon move into their new home.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Acker entertained relatives from Genoa last week.

A large crowd from here visited the ruins of the powder mills last week.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mrs. Rosa Riggs Sunday.

A few from here attended the funeral of Mrs. John Kingman at Bristol, Sunday.

Mr. A. Foster of Roberts, Ill., visited the latter part of the week with J. A. Foster and family.

EXPERIMENTS WITH SOUND

Blowing Out Candle With Tuning Fork and Resonator—Sand Figures on Metal Plates.

Reporting a physics lecture by Prof. Sylvanus P. Thompson, the London Chronicle says: "The youngsters who attended were shown how a candle could be blown out by sound. In the first place, you want a very powerful tuning fork and a resonator (a hollow sphere of brass), which is exactly in harmony with it. When the tuning fork is struck it sets up waves of sound. The resonator, hearing the note, immediately responds with sympathetic waves, which are strong enough to blow out a candle placed behind it. Other experiments were the forming of what are known as Chladni sand figures on plates of metal by the influence of sound. The most beautiful results, as Professor Thompson explained, are obtained with flat plates of brass of uniform thickness and of a low note. When a bow is drawn along the edge so as to set up vibrations in one part, there is discord with the vibrations of the other parts, and the sound immediately assumes geometrical figures. The greater the discord the better the patterns. Hundreds of patterns can be produced in this way on one plate. Many demonstrations were made to show how, when things are tuned to the same note, they vibrated in sympathy. A big tuning fork was struck and then stopped—but another tuning fork, which was of exactly the same pitch, went on humming, though it had not been touched."

Dangerous Cargo.

The dynamite-laden ketch Mystery, which was towed into Yarmouth damaged after a collision while on a voyage from Antwerp to Leth, has been a source of some anxiety to the harbor authorities. She had 25 tons of dynamite in her hold packed round with sand, a quantity amply sufficient to wreck a town. Two experts in explosives from the home office were sent down, and after examining the vessel where she lay, in a quiet part of the harbor, instructions were given that the vessel should be towed to a safe distance out to sea and then blown up by means of a current conveyed through a cable.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery FOR COUGHS AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

ITS BENEFIT LOCAL

Deep Waterway Would Injure Most of the State.

INIQUITY OF SCHEME PLAIN

Only One Corporation in Position to Bid for Water Power—Flow From the Lake Far From Sufficient.

HOWARD H. GROSS.

The conditions that surround the waterway and water power project now are entirely different from what they were supposed to be three years ago, when \$20,000,000 of bonds were voted. The reasons urged to secure the vote were founded upon fancy instead of fact, so at the present time it is impossible for the legislature to give the people the thing voted for or anything that could possibly be construed as an equivalent thereof. Hence the expenditure of the bond issue by the state would be a breach of faith and strongly condemned by every right minded person.

Let us assume, for the sake of argument, that the development of the waterway and waterpower will make good the rosy promises of Senator Lorimer and the other sponsors of the project, and that to the towns and villages along the channel will come scores of great industries, bringing in tens of thousands of workmen, making a "hive of industry 40 miles long." This would add millions to the value of the property along the channel and increase the population of these towns and cities. Would it benefit the rest of the state? That is the question.

Rob One Town to Help Another. Let us illustrate: The extensive iron works at Kewanee might conclude it would be advisable to move over to La Salle or some other location on the channel, that it might avail itself of a less freight rate, cheaper power, etc. This would benefit La Salle, but what would the people of Kewanee say, especially as they would be taxed to create a condition that would work their ruin? What is true of Kewanee is true of every non-channel city to a greater or less extent. This is one of the very serious phases of this project and one the people would do well to ponder over carefully before permitting their representatives in the general assembly to expend the money.

The scheme is iniquitous on the face of it. Any plan that will put a mortgage on every farm and every home in the state of Illinois to create a benefit to a small circumscribed area is unjust and cannot be defended upon any grounds whatsoever.

It may be said that the water power can be electrically distributed to commercial centers not located on the channel. This is true, but no individual or corporation would be in a position to bid upon it, unless he had a franchise to permit him to enter the corporate limits of the cities, stringing wires overhead or conduits through the streets for the purpose of reaching the ultimate consumer, and such franchises are not to be had for the asking.

Stripped of its glittering generalities and getting down to a careful analysis, it would be found that there is practically but one corporation in the state that is in a position to make a bid for the power that can be generated by the proposed improvement, and that is the Commonwealth Edison company of Chicago and its subsidiary corporations.

Flow From Lake Insufficient.

It may be interesting in this connection to remind the reader that the estimated amount of water power for sale is based upon a flow from Lake Michigan of 14,000 cubic feet of water per second. The amount now flowing is between 5,000 and 6,000 cubic feet. The maximum amount of water the sanitary district is permitted ultimately to take is 10,000 cubic feet, and this was only secured after a long struggle on sanitary grounds. The state plans to have this amount increased 40 per cent., and the only reason it has to urge for it is that it would like to have more water power to sell!

If the state proceeds with the work and builds a waterway as planned, it may have a channel with not sufficient water to fill it.

There is another serious phase of the question, and that is the overflow damages. Since the sanitary district opened its channel with a flow of 3,000 to 6,000 cubic feet per second, about two hundred and fifty lawsuits have been brought by owners of lands that were alleged to be damaged by the overflow. The amounts demanded aggregate over \$5,000,000. What will be the additional claim for damage should the flow be increased to 14,000 cubic feet? It is not improbable that the damages claimed would be equal to the entire bond issue, and if so, who is to pay the bill?

When the whole scheme is carefully analyzed and studied one is forced to the conclusion that the only participation the farmers and residents of the non-channel territory would have in this deep waterway scheme would be limited to helping pay the bill. The question is, what shall we do about it? The writer suggests that public spirited citizens in every community be called together to consider the proposition on its merits, and in the light of existing conditions and in view of the fact that the United States government will not join in the scheme, and the money, if expended, will be wasted, and the benefits, if any, will be sectional instead of general, and demand that the whole matter be indefinitely postponed.

Patti's First Appearance in London. I was at the opera the first night that Patti made her appearance, and the wild enthusiasm of the house over the new diva was indescribable. Her extraordinary youth and beauty, the marvelous quality of her voice, the facility and ease with which she sang, and the complete grasp she showed of her part made an impression which time has not obliterated. She had come with a certain reputation, and the audience waited patiently as she made her appearance. After her wonderful rendering of the duet scene there could be no doubt that Patti was enthroned forever in the position she has held all through her life.—Lady St. Heller, "Memories of Fifty Years."

The National Flower.

The Columbine Association of the United States, composed of the most part of women, will ask congress to make that flower the national flower. At the National Flower convention held in Nashville in 1896, it was decided that a flower that is chosen for the national flower must qualify under the following conditions: It must be a native of the United States and should grow wild over the greater part of its area. It should bloom on one or more of the national holidays. It should not be a weed or in any way offensive or harmful to health. It should bear a flower and should not be merely a foliage plant or one chiefly valued for fruit.

MACHINE MAKES NOODLES

Complete Little Manufacturing Plant in Italy That Will Cut the Goods "To Order."

A noodle machine is a complete little manufacturing plant in itself, and will turn out in a short time noodles enough to supply the town. It can be operated by hand or by mechanical power. It requires only about one-eighth of a horsepower to run the larger-sized machine.

The machine can be adjusted in a second so as to cut the noodles different sizes, from the width of a thread up to half an inch. Although a small machine, it is mighty in the work it performs. It may be placed where customers can see it, and the noodles "cut to order."

Contrary to general supposition, noodles are also used for dishes other than soup. Noodle soup in itself, however, is a dish relished by nearly everybody regardless of nationality. The noodles must, of course, first be boiled by the housewife, after which they may be served in various ways.

The Germans often serve noodles with German prunes. Noodles may also be served with milk seasoned to suit the taste with salt and butter. They may be served with chili. The Italians take the cooked noodles, add seasoned tomatoes and bake for half an hour. Noodles make an excellent dessert by pouring melted butter over them and adding chopped nuts or fruit.—Baker's Weekly.

Importance of Slang.

A professor of English at Columbia university says a good deal of the so-called slang is good English. One of the words he was discussing was "joint," used to denote a gambling house. The professor is correct. English, possibly more than any other language, is still growing, and grows through the use of what is called slang, quite as readily as through any other process. New industries and inventions naturally add words to the language. The automobile business has been responsible for many of them. Aviation is to add every new line of human endeavor enlarges the vocabulary. But greater even than these accretions to the language is that which comes from what we call slang.

Doom of the Fire Horse.

Buffalo is the latest city to doom the fire horse. Contracts have been let for the last horse-drawn fire engine that the city will buy. The fire commissioners announce that any apparatus they purchase in future will be of the automobile kind, and for each piece installed five horses will be put out of commission. That is, the motor engine will be both a pump and a horse wagon, and one of the new style vehicles will carry all the equipment of two of the old-fashioned kind. It is figured that the cost of motive power of the horse drawn apparatus is about \$1,000 a year for engine and wagon and that the automobile will largely reduce this.



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Every indication points to an early spring. You want to be in readiness; you want to be among the first to don spring attire. We are ready for you. Yes, ready with a splendid array of the approved fashions for spring. Stunning new suits, handsome dresses, dainty waists, modish skirts and stylish coats—everything to complete your spring wardrobe. We have made a careful and thorough study of the new fashions and every garment bears evidence of this fact. As in past seasons, the Globe expects to lead in ladies' garments this spring. Three essential features you can always rely upon when purchasing here are, correctness of style, dependability of material and workmanship and low prices.

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This unusually low price is due to the fact that we furnished the materials ourselves and gave them to a high-class tailor during his dull season to make up. In this way it cost us about one-third less than ordinary. Material is fine serge in the leading shades, made in the newest styles, fine lace yoke, trimmed with silk, kimona sleeves.

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| 10 bars Calumet Family soap 25c | 21 lbs. Granulated Sugar.....\$1.00 | 1 lb. very best Tea.....45c |
| 2 large boxes Johnson's Washing Powder.....25c | 1 doz. boxes of Matches.....18c | 5 gal. Kerosene.....45c |
| 2 large boxes Mother's Washing Soap.....25c | 1 bbl. Gold Medal Flour.....\$1.45 | 1 package Yeast Foam.....4c |
| | 8 packages Corn Flakes.....25c | 10 lb. sack Table Salt.....9c |
| | 1 can California Peaches.....19c | 3 pkg. Shredded Wheat.....35c |
| | 1 can California Cherries.....15c | |

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